Medical.

E UNFORTUNATE.
EDIES, NEW REMEDIES
Ribbon's Dispensary.

ARNEY STREET,
R COMMERCIAL,
Established in 1854
ent of Sexual and
, such as disor-
rictures, Syphilis,
Seminal Weak-
Skin Diseases
and Educated
ted.

has the pleasure of announcing that he
ion visiting the principal Hospitals of
resumed practice at his Dispensary, cor-
corner of Commercial, San Francisco,
tients and those requiring his services

has spared neither time nor money in seek-
medies, and has returned with increased
alleviation. Flattering success.

Horrible Disease.

housands of persons, both male and
who are suffering out a miserable exist-
fects of secret indulgences, or from other
the system! Look at their pallid, bloated
ed faces and the frightful symptoms de-
fying them for the happiness of married
nt office. In this horrible situation thou-
ll death closes the scene. Let parents,
ods, attend to those disorders while they
terrible life-destroying maladies, or they
ll assail his especially fortunate offspring
re the most unsuspected cause of more
jurious drugs. It is impossible,
ed, or to those who are in
ir friends, to be careful of
whoinfect affliction, public
diseases in a few days,
g the names of eminent
ce places. Do not confer upon
or you may fall into the hands

Seminal Weakness.

nsions, the consequence of self-abuse;
depraved sexual indulgence;
flothfulness to an almost
ible warning certainly, if
system, unless combated
rous Sallow countenance,
the head, ringing in
, loss of confidence,
ungestion, inability to perform
or society, loss of
nation, cruel
ness, cough,
ness, Dyspepsia,
ness, Consumption,
ness, Insanity,
ness, Idiocy,
ness, Death.

ness spared neither time nor money in
ness, and has returned with increased
ness of curing.

Horrible Disease.

Thousands of persons, both male and
ness who are suffering out a miserable exist-
ness effects of secret indulgences, or from other
ness in the system! Look at their pallid, bloated
ness and the frightful symptoms de-
ness denoting the fearful horrors of marriage
ness until death closes the scene. Let parents,
ness guardians, attend to those disorders while they
ness are curable, or they will assail his especially fortunate offspring with
ness one of the most unsuspected causes of more
ness than injurious drugs. It is impossible,
ness indeed, or to those who are in
ness the hands of friends, to be careful of
ness the health, who infect affliction, public
ness and private diseases in a few days, and
ness conceal the names of eminent
ness Physicians. Do not confer upon
ness strangers or you may fall into the hands

Seminal Weakness.

ness Pimples, the consequence of self-abuse;
ness a depraved sexual indulgence;
ness the slothfulness to an almost
ness incredible warning certainly, if
ness the system, unless combated
ness with Sallow countenance,
ness in the head, ringing in
ness ears, loss of confidence,
ness timidity, inability to perform
ness with society, loss of
ness memory, confusion of
ness ideas, nervousness,
ness sleeplessness, cruel
ness dreams, cough,
ness consumption,
ness insanity,
ness idiocy,
ness death.

CLARK'S INVIGORATOR

is the aged and debilitated
ung men who have
very kind, and all persons
ank by imprudence or
ness One Dollar.

CLARK'S PURIFIER cleanses the
ood from all Scrofula, Syphilitic
mors of every sort, Boils
Face, Catarrh, Ulcers
Sore Throat, Rolling
Blotches, and all disorders
ing from the Liver,
ness One Dollar.

CLARK'S PANACEA relieves Pain
Headache, Earache, Toothache,
Pain in the Breast and Liver
all Nervous Disorders
Bottle One Dollar.

CLARK'S ELIXIR is a certain
remedy for Urinary Organs,
Stricture, Leucorrhœa,
and Seminal Weakness are
One Dollar.

CLARK'S REGULATOR, for
correct all special irregularities
Ladies. Married Ladies
certain remedy
Price One Dollar.

Sold by Druggists everywhere.

Principal Office, 626 Clay street, San Francisco.

Jan 10, 1870. ly

DR. MARY A. THOMSON,
PHYSICIAN AND ACCOUCHEUR.
RESIDENCE & OFFICE—Third street, between Salmon and Main, opposite the Public Square.
Will practice in any part of the City.
Prescriptions carefully compounded at all hours of the night and day.
Charges reasonable, and
Medicines, Stimulants, &c., furnished on the sale and instantaneous given on the use of
Liquors as a Remedial Agent. jan15dtf

MARRIED MEN,
Contemplating marriage, who
from any cause, mental or physical,
Impediments to happy
Married or single, should consult
DR. J. F. GIDEON, 623 Kearny street, San Francisco. Persons
PREFER TO PUT BOX 1,957 Post Office.
Correspondents will please inclose
and advertisement for this
ly6d4pt

CLARK'S LONDON
SPECIAL COMPOUND.

CLARK'S INVIGORATOR
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Morning Oregonian.

VOL XI. PORTLAND, OREGON, WEDNESDAY MORNING, MARCH 15, 1871. NO. 35

The Daily Oregonian.

HENRY L. PITTOCK, Proprietor.

THE DAILY MORNING OREGONIAN, Wednesday, except Sunday, and delivered by carriers to Subscribers in Portland at 25 cents a week. Single copies, 10 cents. By Mail or Express, to any part of the State at $10 per annum in advance; $5 for six months; $3 for three months.

THE WEEKLY OREGONIAN, containing a selection of the best articles in the Daily, will be published every Saturday morning, and forwarded by Mail to any part of the State at $2 per annum, $1 for six months, and $1 for three months, in advance.

Papers discontinued at the end of the time for which they are paid. Subscribers should renew at least two weeks before the date printed upon the address label.

OFFICE—No. 8 Washington street, one door from Front, SAN FRANCISCO AGENT—L. P. FISHER, Room 20 and 21 Merchants Exchange, California street.

Professional Cards.

DR. CHR. SCHUMACHER,
Physician, Surgeon and Accoucheur.
Graduate of Georgia Augusta University, in Gottingen, Germany.
Office—111 First street, opposite Occidental Hotel, Portland, Oregon.
RESIDENCE—City street, corner of Second. n2dtf

DR. H. M'KINNELL
HOMŒOPATHIC PHYSICIAN.
Offering his MILD, EFFICIENT MEDICAL AID, can consult him at his Office, on Fourth street, facing the Public Square.
The Home Practice in Obstetrics enables him to treat those diseases peculiar to the climate.
Jan 10, 1864. ly

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PHYSICIAN AND ACCOUCHEUR.
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Will practice in any part of the City.
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Charges reasonable, and
Medicines, Stimulants, &c., furnished on the sale and instantaneous given on the use of
Liquors as a Remedial Agent. jan15dtf

Law Cards.

W. W. THAYER. R. WILLIAMS, Formerly of Salem.

THAYER & WILLIAMS,
Attorneys and Counselors-at-Law.
Will practice in Federal and State Courts.
Office, No. 106 First St., (over Postoffice,) Portland, Oregon. dtf

JASPER W. JOHNSON,
LAWYER,
PORTLAND, OREGON.
OFFICE—On the ground floor in Stitzel & Upton's Building, opposite Exchange. dtf

SHATTUCK & KILLIN,
Attorneys-at-Law,
OFFICE—In Failing's Brick, south side Washington street, below Front and First, Portland, Oregon. dtf

J. K. KILLIN. J. C. WATKINS.

SIMPSON & WAYMIRE,
Attorneys-at-Law.
OFFICE—In Patten's Brick, State St.,
Salem, Oregon. dtf

J. F. WAYMIRE.

DENNY & HENDERSON,
Attorneys-at-Law.
OFFICE—No. 202 Fellows' Building,
Portland, Oregon. dtf

C. B. HENDERSON.

C. E. LARRABEE & UPTON,
Attorneys and Counselors-at-Law.
OFFICE—No. 4 LOWE BUILDING,
First and Alder sts., Portland, Oregon.

WE HAVE AN ABSTRACT OF LAND TITLES to Multnomah and Washington counties, and give particular attention to searching Titles that may be intrusted to us. jan26dtf

W. W. CHAPMAN,
Attorney-at-Law,
PORTLAND, OREGON.
OFFICE—In Vaughn's Brick, Up Stairs.

HE WILL ATTEND THE UNITED STATES Circuit Court this coming winter, and give attention to business that may be intrusted to him. July 31, 1870. au10dtf

P. A. CHENOWETH,
Attorney-at-Law,
CORVALLIS, OREGON. dtf

P. PRIGLER. M. W. CHENOWETH, Notary Public.

PRIGLER & CHENOWETH,
ATTORNEYS & COUNSELORS-AT-LAW,
And Solicitors in Bankruptcy.
OFFICE—Over Post Office, No. 101 First St., Portland
Prompt attention paid to collections. tf

JAMES F. BROWN,
Attorney and Counselor-at-Law, and Notary Public,
SOUTH CITY, OREGON.
Will practice in the Courts of Yamhill, Polk, Benton and Linn counties. d2dtf

THOS. J. DRYER,
NOTARY PUBLIC
FOR MULTNOMAH COUNTY.
OFFICE—Room 9, up stairs, corner of Front and North Ninth Sts., Portland. au12dtf

JOHN C. CARROLL,
Commissioner of Deeds
for the State of Oregon, and Notary Public for Oregon, and Commissioner of Deeds for the States of Nevada, and Washington & Idaho Territories.
OFFICE—S. E. Corner of FRONT and STARK sts., Occidental Hotel, at Ferry Landing. fdtf

Business Cards.

C. W. BURRAGE,
Civil Engineer and Surveyor.
No. 223 First street. Residence, cor. College and Fifth Sts. dtf

HUNTINGTON & BELLION,
Plain and Ornamental Plasterers.
CORNICE FIELDS AND CORNICE ORNAMENTS of Latest Prices.
Particular attention paid to Cementing Fronts of Buildings.
Office—Yamhill street, between First and Second. jy4dtf

A. L. KNOWLTON,
CIVIL ENGINEER AND SURVEYOR.
Particular attention given to surveying Brick work, Stone work, &c.
REFER TO—Gen. Parrish, Atkinson & Woodard's, corner of Front and Alder streets. ja23dtf

JOHN NATION,
MECHANICAL ENGINEER,
WILL CONTROL AND SUPERINTEND THE CONSTRUCTION of all kinds of Machinery.
A share of patronage is solicited from the public.
OFFICE—102 Front Street, in rear of Parrish, Atkinson & Woodward. ja23dtf

P. VAN FRIDAGH,
FRENCH MILLINERY & DRY GOODS
STORE,
No. 105 FIRST STREET,
Opposite the Postoffice,

J. A. FISHER,
The Well Known Confectioner,
No. 111 FRONT STREET,
HAS THE PLEASURE TO INFORM HIS FRIENDS and customers that he has just opened a
RESTAURANT
WHERE MR. ENTE, LESLIE,
The best will be served in Dining Room Style
OYSTERS in every style.
Ice Cream, and all kinds of Cakes will be found at all times. a6dtf

Idaho Territory.

Nuney & Co.....

Banks.

LADD & TILTON,
BANKERS,
PORTLAND, OREGON.

ESTABLISHED, 1859.

DEPOSITS RECEIVED AND ACCOUNTS KEPT subject to Check or Draft.

INTEREST allowed on TIME DEPOSITS or TRUST FUNDS in sums of One Dollar and upwards from Date of Deposit.

MONEY LOANED on approved Security.

BONDS, STOCKS and other valuables received on Deposit for safe keeping.

COLLECTIONS made and proceeds promptly remitted.

INVESTMENTS in Real Estate and other property made for parties.

SIGHT and Telegraphic Exchange on San Francisco and the Atlantic States for sale.

GOVERNMENT SECURITIES bought and sold.

10-40s for the transaction of all kinds of Provincial and Trust Business. oldawtf

THE BANK
OF
BRITISH COLUMBIA
Incorporated by Royal Charter.
Paid up Capital.....$1,562,500.
WITH POWER TO INCREASE TO
$10,000,000.
HEAD OFFICE—5 EAST INDIA AVENUE, LEADENHALL STREET, LONDON.

BRANCHES.
IN VANCOUVER ISLAND, BRITISH COLUMBIA, SAN FRANCISCO and PORTLAND.

AGENCIES,
IN NEW YORK, CANADA, SCOTLAND & IRELAND.
Exchange for sale on
England, Ireland, Scotland, New York & Canada.

INTEREST ALLOWED on TIME DEPOSITS at the rate of SIX (6) PER CENT. PER ANNUM for periods of three months and upwards.

Approved Bills discounted or Collected. Loans made on available collaterals.

EDWIN RUSSELL, Manager.

Fire Insurance.

UNION
Insurance Company
OF SAN FRANCISCO.
FIRE AND MARINE INSURANCE.

CAPITAL STOCK, fully Paid in Gold Coin	$750,000 00
SURPLUS, U.S. Gold Coin	287,390 75
Total Amt in Capital and Surplus	$1,037,390 75
Assets in Gold 30th June, 1870:	
LOANS on Real Estate and Collaterals	$799,000 00
United States and other Stocks	56,072 85
Real Estate, No. 1 to (418 and 418 California St., San Francisco)	90,000 00
Cash Items and other Assets	91,318 90
	$1,037,390 75

$50,000 DEPOSITED IN OREGON.

Promptly and Equitably Adjusted and Paid in Gold Coin.

GUSTAVE TOUCHARD, President.
EDWARD D. HAVEN, Secretary.

FIRST NATIONAL BANK
OF PORTLAND,
General Agent for Oregon and the Territories.
EDWIN D. SACKENSTOS,
Special Agent.

AGENCY FOR
BARBOUR'S LINEN THREAD,
CELEBRATED FOR ITS STRENGTH AND EVENness of Thread. Made from the finest quality of
IRISH FLAX,
And put up with special reference to the RETAIL TRADE, so that all numbers may be sold at one price.
We solicit OREGON DEALERS, in sending forward their orders to order some of
BARBOUR'S THREAD,
For a single trial will establish its superiority over all other Linen Threads in the market.
For sale by all respectable San Francisco Dry Goods Importers.

PHILLIPS, BROWN & CO.,
AGENTS FOR MANUFACTURERS,
135 Sansome street, San Francisco.
fe6dsm1p

THE MEDAL AND FIRST PREMIUM

WERE AWARDED TO P. LIEBENSBERGER by the Mechanics' Institute Fair, San Francisco, for the
BILLIARD TABLES,
Which he is constantly manufacturing at 537 Sacramento street, San Francisco, and where he keeps on hand a good assortment to fill orders. Also, Sole Agent for the celebrated Improved KAVANAGH & DECKER'S PATENT BILLIARD CUSHIONS, patented March 9, 1869. d22d3m1p

NEW MEDICAL WORK.
"THE PHILOSOPHY OF MARRIAGE,"
OR THE
DEBILITATED NERVOUS SYSTEM,
DR. LOUIS J. JORDAN,
THE PROFESSOR OF THE ANATOMICAL MUSEUM, Montgomery street, near California, San Francisco, has published four of his most important and instructive lectures in a neat volume for those who cannot attend the lectures delivered at the Museum. Every Unmarried and Married man should read and study these important Lectures for the good of himself and offspring.

Bymailing the Secretary of the Anatomical Museum, San Francisco, enclosing 25 cents in postage stamps, to pay postage, the Book will be forwarded to any part of the States and Territories. ap22d1y1p

CARMEN ISLAND SALT
WARRANTED PURE.
ROCK, COARSE GROUND; DAIRY AND TABLE SALT, always on hand and for sale in quantities to suit.
HOLLADAY & BRENHAM,
jun6dtf Sole Agents, San Francisco.

Notice.
ALL CLAIMS AGAINST THE "PORTLAND TURN Verein" must be presented to the undersigned for payment before the 20th inst., or they will not be allowed.
LEHMAN BLUM,
March 1, 1871. mr1-20t 43 Front Street.

BOOKS! BOOKS! BOOKS!
SUNDAY SCHOOL, CLASS, QUESTION AND SINGing Books from the Mass. S. S. Union American Tract Society and VARIOUS OTHER PUBLISHERS. For sale cheap, at the N. E. corner of Yamhill and Jefferson streets. 25tf

Newspaper Ink.
2,000 LBS. NEWS INK IN 50 LB. KEGS For sale by
HENRY L. PITTOCK,
No. 8 Washington street, Portland.

River Steamers.

OREGON STEAM NAVIGATION CO'S
NOTICE!
BOATS OF THE COMPANY WILL leave Portland as follows:
FOR DALLES—Daily (Sundays excepted) at 6 o'clock A. M.
FOR ASTORIA—Monday, Wednesday and Friday at 6 o'clock A. M.
FOR MONTICELLO—Daily (Sundays excepted) at 6 o'clock A. M.
n18dtf J. C. AINSWORTH, President

SPECIAL NOTICE.
OREGON STEAM NAVIGATION CO.
MONTICELLO & KALAMA.
UNTIL FURTHER NOTICE
THE STEAMER FANNIE TROUP,
CAPTAIN JOHN W. BABBIDGE,
WILL MAKE
Tri-Weekly Trips to Monticello,
Leaving Portland Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday at 6 o'clock A. M.
Leaving Monticello Monday, Wednesday and Friday at 7 o'clock A. M.
PASSAGE.....TWENTY FIVE CENTS
FREIGHT.....ONE DOLLAR PER TON
The FANNIE TROUP will come up through Willamette Slough on Wednesdays and return through Slough on Thursdays.
Feb'y 20, 1871. J. C. AINSWORTH, President.
fe20dtf

OREGON STEAM NAVIGATION CO.
Freight Notice for Upper Columbia.
FROM AND AFTER MONDAY, MARCH 6, 1871, the classification of Freight into First, Second, and Third Class will be discontinued. The following rates of freight will be charged per ton (ship measurement) to wit:

Portland to Dalles	$15 00	per ton
" " Umatilla	25 00	"
" " Wallula	30 00	"
" " Lewiston	50 00	"

Flour and Green Fruit will be charged as follows:

Portland to Dalles	$10 00	per ton
" " Umatilla	15 00	"
" " Wallula	20 00	"
" " Lewiston	30 00	"

There will be no change in rates of Down Freight.
J. C. AINSWORTH, President.
March 5, 1871. mr6dtf

PEOPLE'S TRANSPORTATION CO.
NOTICE.
STEAMERS
ALERT AND SENATOR
WILL LEAVE THEIR COMPANY'S DOCK, FOOT of "A" street, Portland, every morning, Sunday excepted, at SIX AND A HALF O'CLOCK, and Afternoon at TWO O'CLOCK, connecting at
OREGON CITY,
IN THE MORNING, WITH BOATS FOR
SALEM, ALBANY AND CORVALLIS,
ON
Monday, Tuesday, Thursday & Friday,
AND ON
MONDAY, WEDNESDAY, & FRIDAY
FOR
DAYTON,
Lafayette and McMinnville.
A. A. McCULLY,
Nov. 12, 1870. n12dtf Pres't P. T. Co.

From Olympia to Victoria and Way Ports on Puget Sound.
THE U. S. MAIL STEAMER
ALIDA,
E. A. STARR.....CAPTAIN
Will leave Olympia every
SUNDAY & WEDNESDAY NIGHT,
d14 At 9 o'clock. ds

Railroads.

OREGON & CALIFORNIA R. R. CO.
NO. 11. TIME SCHEDULE. NO. 11.
TO TAKE EFFECT SUNDAY, FEBRUARY 26, 1871, at 6 o'clock A. M.—for the government and information of employes only; the Company reserves the right to vary therefrom as circumstances may require. Daily Trains will run between

PORTLAND AND ALBANY
AS FOLLOWS:

LEAVE		ARRIVE	
Portland	8:30 A.M.	Albany	4:00 P.M.
"	2:30 P.M.	"	7:40 P.M.
Albany	6:45 A.M.	Portland	11:40 A.M.
"	1:30 P.M.	"	8:40 P.M.

The 2:30 P. M. Train from Portland, and the 6:45 A. M. Train from Albany are Passenger Trains and run Daily. The 8:30 A. M. Train from Portland and the 1:30 P. M. Train from Albany are Freight Trains (with Passenger Cars attached) and run Daily (except Sunday).

Oregon & California R. R. Ferry makes connection with all Regular Trains.

Close connections are made at ALBANY with the Stages of the Oregon and California Stage Company.

Tickets for sale at Company's Office, No. 0 Front street, Portland.

H. THIELSEN, Gen'l Supt.
J. L. HALLETT, Asst. Supt.
E. P. ROGERS,
Gen'l Freight and Passenger Agent.
e20dtf

Markets.

REMOVAL.
Portland Market.
E. H. CARLING,
SECOND STREET, COR. MORRISON,
KEEPS CONSTANTLY ON hand the best of all kinds of MEATS. All orders delivered in any part of the City Free of Charge. KOSHER BEEF, VEAL and MUTTON always on hand.
Portland, Feb. 17, 1871. dtf

PACIFIC MARKET.
W. W. SPAULDING,
DEALER IN ALL KINDS OF
Fresh Meats,
AND
PACKER of BEEF & PORK
Highest Price paid for all kinds of FAT STOCK.
NO. 2 NORTH FRONT STREET,
ja26 PORTLAND, OREGON. dawtf

PICTURES FRAMED AT ONE-HALF
THE USUAL PRICE AT
W. T. SHANAHAN'S
NEW ART GALLERY
75 First St., near Ladd & Tilton's Bank.
fe21dtf

By Overland Telegraph.

[DESPATCHES TO THE OREGONIAN.]

EASTERN DATES TO MARCH 14.

Paris Affairs.

PARIS, March 13.—Affairs at Montmartre are unchanged as to perfect tranquility. Fractions of the Guard still keep their cannon.

The Debats indignantly denounces red placards preaching revolt to the army.

Dispatches from London.

LONDON, March 13.—Marshal McMahon has left Weisbaden for France.

The Prince of Saxony established his headquarters at Compeigne Thursday.

LONDON, March 13.—Emperor William has set out on his return to Berlin, accompanied by a large and brilliant suite of Princes, officers of the army and representatives of the German Government. The party reached Epernay at noon today and were received with enthusiasm by the returning troops.

LONDON, March 13.—Cable special to the *World*:

Hoping to strengthen the Government against impending disaster, Gladstone proposes to introduce into the Cabinet two members, Holmes, member from Hackney, and another whose name is unknown.

LONDON, March 13.—In the House of Commons Packington attacked the abolition of the purchase system as a sop to the Democracy entailing vast expenses and disgusting the army.

Napoleon passed Kerriers to-day en route to Chiselhurst.

Dispatches from Switzerland.

ZURICH, March 13.—The Council ordered a judicial investigation into the cause of the disturbance between the French and Germans here. No further trouble is anticipated. Troops to keep the peace have been dismissed.

LONDON, March 13.—In the House of Lords, Earle Granville announced that the Conference of Powers on the Eastern question had closed, and a treaty had been signed at the foreign office, abrogating the restriction on the admission of men-of-war into the Dardanelles and Bosphorus. The Danubian Commissioner says a 12-years protocol expressly declares that no power can relieve itself of the obligations of the treaty, without the consent of all the signers.

Affairs in France.

PARIS, March 13.—Rouneville, Minister at Vienna, says prefectures are to be abolished.

Favre's note to Ferriere protests against the requisition still levied.

Faidherbe reports that the Germans will redeliver the railways on the 15th.

Thiers comes home to-morrow. The Nationals at Montmartre will return the cannon. The city is quiet.

PARIS, March 14.—The Lyons railroad will be restored to-morrow.

There were some disorders to-day and the police were mobbed.

The press urge the authorities to restore order.

LONDON, March 13.—Trade at Rouen is reviving, and purchases of cotton tissues have commenced. Because of the mourning displayed during the review there, the Germans billotted additional troops on the inhabitants.

Dispatches from Berlin:

BERLIN, March 13.—A decree abolishes the governorships of Versailles, Nancy and Rheims. The duties are to be transferred to the military commanders, the Germans relinquishing administration to the departments, touching education and religion, unless the French arrangements are unsatisfactory. The Germans retain the postal, railway and telegraphic management.

The *Cross Gazette* denies that Weisburg is annexed.

The *Gazette Officiele* says that unless France protects peaceful Germans returning there, we must make reprisals.

Armin and Ballau are appointed to participate in the Peace Convention at Brussels.

Relief for France.

LONDON, March 13.—C. P. Marshall, Chairman London Committee, is doing efficient work, and practical application of relief is going on promptly. Further contributions, however, are much needed.

WASHINGTON CITY.

Congressional.

WASHINGTON, March 13.—In the House, a number of bills were introduced and referred—among them one by Cox to provide for additional mail service to Brazil, rendered necessary by increased importations of coffee by mail steamers.

Draxton introduced a bill quieting title to the Arlington estate, and making appropriation therefor. It provides that there shall be paid to the devisees $300,000.

Butler of Massachusetts moved to lay the bill on the table. Agreed to.

A bill was introduced by Chaffee to enable the people of Colorado to form a State Constitution and State government, and to enable the people of New Mexico to do likewise—the latter under the name of Lincoln—with a view to their admission into the Union.

Dawes offered a joint resolution for the adjournment of both Houses on the 15th inst.

An ineffectual motion was made to lay the resolution on the table, and it was finally agreed to.

The preamble to the resolution refers to the action of Democratic members, and Cox asked for a division on the question so as to have a distinctive vote on that part of the resolution declaring amendments valid which he thought carried (?) accepted.

The Speaker said that under a suspension of the rules the resolution could not be divided.

The question was taken and decided in the negative.

Randall moved to suspend the rules to pass a joint resolution placing tea and coffee on the free list.

A motion to adjourn was negatived, and Randall's motion was agreed to. The resolution passed —yeas, 141; nays, 44.

Wilson, of Indiana, introduced a resolution declaring the 13th, 14th and 15th amendments to the Constitution of the United States duly ratified by three-fourths of the States, and no State has a right to withdraw its ratification after it has given it. Further, that Congress has a right to impose the ratification of these amendments as a condition precedent to representation in Congress.

Hale moved to suspend the rules and pass the joint resolution which he presented providing for placing salt on the free list. Butler objected to the introduction of the resolution on the ground that it could not be offered except under a call of States. The Speaker overruled the objection and Butler moved to adjourn. Lost. Hale's motion was then agreed to, rules suspended and resolution passed.

Farnsworth moved the suspension of the rules to introduce and pass a resolution taking the tax off of foreign coal. A motion of Dickey to adjourn was rejected, rules suspended and the resolution agreed to.

Fenton introduced his bill of last session regulating service in the collection of customs at various ports of entry in the United States, and disposition of fines, penalties and forfeitures incurred under the laws relating to customs and for other purposes. By unanimous consent Fenton was awarded the floor to address the Senate on the bill.

Among the bills introduced was one by Stewart to define and protect the rights of miners and to encourage the development of the mines.

By Cole making a land grant to the California and Arizona Railroad Company; also, to create the Second Southern Judicial District of California.

By Nye, to incorporate the Colorado and New Mexico Railroad.

By Fenton, relating to telegraph communication between the United States and foreign countries.

By Nye, for the relief of certain contractors in the construction of vessels of war.

WASHINGTON, March 13.—In the Senate, on a motion to refer the French Spoliation bill to the Committee on Foreign Relations, Sumner called the attention of the new chairman (Cameron) to the fact that the measure had at different sessions passed both Houses, but had repeatedly failed to become a law, in one case by the President's veto, and he hoped the Senator from Pennsylvania would take charge of the business and press it forward.

Cameron thought it hardly fair for the late chairman to expect the new committee to secure in one session a law which that Senator had failed to have passed in ten sessions.

Abbott submitted a resolution, which was laid on the table, limiting business at the present session to legislation for the protection of Southern loyalists.

Cragin then introduced a bill for the enlistment of 300 additional seamen in the U. S. navy.

On motion of Thurman the House resolution for a final adjournment on Wednesday, was taken up, thereby making it the first business in order to-morrow. After a short executive session the Senate adjourned.

Davis of Kentucky, delivered a lengthy written argument against the right of Congress to assist in the invasion of one State by a corporation created by another State. The bill was read a second time and referred to the Committee on Commerce.

The credentials of Goldthwaite vice Warner, and also of Reynolds, claiming seats in the Senate, with a claim from ex-Senator Abbott to hold his seat, were taken from the table and referred to the Committee on Elections.

A bill for the relief Nicholas Bliss of the Guadaloupe, Hidalgo treaty negotiator, passed. Fenton advocated the bill at length. At the conclusion of his speech, a discussion arose as to the reference of the bill. Thurman said it should have gone to the Retrenchment Committee, as that committee was the only one which could ferret out abuses in the different branches of public service, and advocated its revival by resolution. The bill was finally referred to the Finance Committee.

On motion, Sherman's bill to aid in the construction of the Southern Pacific Railroad, was taken from the table and considered.

The New Loan.

WASHINGTON, March 13.—Subscriptions to the new loan seem to be coming into the Treasury Department fully in accord with expectation. It is probable that the amount received up to the present time will foot up to $10,000,000. The Merchants's Bank, of Boston, subscribed $500,000 of the loan. In response to the inquiry whether banks may substitute their 6 per cent. for new 5 per cent. bonds without the risk hereafter of being required to put in for position three of four and four of half per cent., it was stated by the Secretary that such action on the part of banks, so far as he is concerned, will not render them liable to have any change made in the manner of subscriptions, but they should remain undisturbed till the end of the years required for the maturity of the new loan.

More About Sumner.

NEW YORK, March 13.—Secretary Fish writes, denying the statement of the *Post's* correspondent on the 11th, in regard to the position of Sumner on Committee of Foreign Affairs. Fish says: "The entire statement of the correspondent, so far as it relates to any conversation, expression, or discussion by Sir Edward Thornton to me, or to the British Commissioners, or any or other of them, on the subject of Sumner's position on the Committee of Foreign Relations, or with respect to the organization or constitution of that or of any other committee of the Senate, is from beginning to end without the slightest foundation of truth. Neither Sir Edward Thornton, nor the British Commissioners ever directly or indirectly, by word or writing, expressed or intimated to me any opinion, or wish, or apprehension, or objection, as to Sumner or any other person being on any committee of either House of Congress, or made any allusion or reference to the organization or composition of any committee of either House of Congress."

Redemption of Copper Coins.

WASHINGTON, March 13.—The Secretary of the Treasury has issued a circular concerning the redemption of copper and other coins. All parties holding such coins and desiring their redemption, will forward the same to the United States Mint at Philadelphia, in sums not less than $20, advising the director of the mint by mail of the amount of coin forwarded, and upon what Assistant Treasurer the check is to be drawn in payment thereof, which check may be drawn upon Assistant Treasurers at New York, Philadelphia, Boston, New Orleans, or San Francisco, at the option of the party. Expenses of transporting all sums of $20 and upwards must be paid on sending them for redemption.

Political Matters.

NEW YORK, March 14.—The *Herald's* Washington dispatch says it is understood that Senator Cameron will resign his position as Chairman of the Committee on Foreign Relations on the ground that his health will not permit him to assume the duties. Cameron is anxious to be Chairman of the Committee on Privileges and Elections, which Sumner declined. Harlan is the next man on the Foreign Relations Committee to Cameron, but being Chairman of the Committee on Indian Affairs, he cannot accept the Chairmanship of the Foreign Relations Committee. It is probable that Morton, the third member of the committee, will be made Chairman.

Troops Ordered to South Carolina.

WASHINGTON, March 14.—The Secretary of War yesterday telegraphed to General Terry, commanding the Department of the South, to send troops to Chester and York counties, South Carolina, to assist in putting down the insurrection there.

The bill for the better protection of life and property in the Southern States will be presented to caucuses for approval to-day.

It is expected that the Senate will adjourn early this evening to allow the Republican caucus to be held.

Other Washington Dispatches.

WASHINGTON, March 13.—A private telegram received in this city announces the death, at Vienna, of Princess Leopoldina, Duchess of Saxe, second daughter of Don Pedro, second Emperor of Brazil, at the age of 24.

There is official authority for stating that the report that the Secretary of the Treasury intends to push the Pacific Railroad Companies for the payment of the interest on money due to the Government, and appeal to the Courts to enforce the payment, is entirely false. Secretary Boutwell disclaims any such intention.

WASHINGTON, March 13.—Sumner presented an address to the Senate remonstrating against the annexation of San Domingo, signed by President of the Central Junta Government of the Dominican Republic, late President of the Supreme Court, late Minister of State and Senator of the Republic; and also by De Bonilla, late Senator and President of the Supreme Court; by Valverde, General of the national army and late Senator and member of Congress; Calos Nouco, late attorney of the Supreme Court, Secretary of State and Minister of Foreign Affairs and member of Congress; Eusbeo Prurire, Brigadier General of the national armies and Vespaus, Counsellor of the Republic and ex-attache to the Department of Justice; Felix Charles and Augustin Bellini, Colonels in the army; Manuel Piciena, late official of the Republic and others. The paper is in Spanish, dated San Carlos De Aguadilla, Island of Puerto Vico, January 16th. It alleges that Baez, for the purpose of accomplishing the annexation of San Domingo to the United States, a deed forbidden by the Constitution of the Republic, has caused many patriots opposed to the project to be executed, imprisoned many more, and has imposed vigorous coercion upon a majority of the influential citizens; that for the same object of realizing his intentions, and to deceive the Government of the United States with the appearance of legality, he has forced the Dominicans to assemble for an election, and compelled with threats the greater part of the citizens to vote for annexation against their convictions and interests; that a majority are opposed to all foreign domination; that the object of Baez is to convert into specie a large amount of bills against the Treasury of the Republic; that annexation of Dominica would result in grave complications for the Government of the United States; in fatal consequences for the sons of the soil, and that it would be a violation of international law. Therefore the memorialists, in the name of themselves and their countrymen, solemnly protest against the treaty of annexation which has been presented by the Government of President Baez to the Cabinet of Washington.

During the reading of the paper by Sumner, Sherman submitted the point that the memorial was not in order, as under established usages and rules of the Senate petitions from foreigners are not allowed to be presented to the exclusion of the business of the country.

The Vice-President sustained the point of order, the effect of which was to prevent the further reading of the memorial.

Sumner then proceeded to state the substance of the memorial. He said the position of the remonstrancers was peculiar. They were exiled by a usurper, Baez, who was now engaged with the aid of American guns in selling his country. They protested against this as an outrage and a wrong, because their country was about to be sacrificed. The question now was whether upon principles of justice they were not entitled to be heard hereafter.

Some informal remarks were made as to the right of Sumner to proceed, when no question was before the Senate. That Senator was about to continue when Morton inquired whether it was in order for Sumner to make a speech at this time against San Domingo; a reply would be in order. If so, he was in favor of letting that gentleman go on.

The Vice President said if the question of order was raised he should have to decide against Sumner's right to proceed, as he had already decided in the case of the Senator from Massachusetts.

Sumner went on to say that in ruling the memorial out of order, the chair had not acted upon any rule, as there was none on the subject, and the so-called usage had changed from that of former days.

The Vice President finally reminded Sumner that the point of order against his further proceeding had been made three times and unless an appeal from the decision of the chair was made, he could not proceed. Sumner declined to appeal and resumed his seat.

In the House Cox offered the following resolutions and moved the previous question:

Resolved, That economy requires that the annual taxation should not exceed $240,000,000, including $125,000,000 as proportionate of the public debt.

Resolved, That the tariff should be for revenue only, and not for the protection of class interests at the general expense.

Resolved, That in case this session adjourns without appointment of Committee of Ways and Means, a special committee of seven be appointed to consider and report a bill or bills to raise revenue, and such bill or bills to carry into effect a tariff on the foregoing principles as will best carry the same into practical effect, and that said Committee of Ways and Means be empowered at this session, then said committee may be empowered to perform the duties required by this resolution.

Kelly objected to the resolutions and they were not entertained. They were ordered to be printed.

The House then proceeded to consider the bill heretofore introduced by Beck to remove all political disabilities.

Elliott (colored), of South Carolina, made an

The Daily Oregonian.

WEDNESDAY MORNING, MARCH 15, 1871.

Emperor and President

An excellent article on this subject appeared in a recent number of a leading German-American paper, the Cincinnati *Volksblatt*. The writer starts out by saying that many Americans commit the error that the title of German Emperor involves a terrible stretch of power, that it designates a despotic ruler in the worst shape. As they do not know the real significance of the office, they will stick to the name and connect therewith monstrous ideas of an arbitrary master. But that the power of the German Emperor is in reality far more limited than that of the President of the United States, never enters the spirit of their dreams.

The writer then proceeds to show that if we dispense with the name and give attention to the matter we shall find that the President or "superior administration" of the United States has considerably larger powers than the Emperor or protector of Germany. The latter has no veto power over the resolutions of the Parliament. The Confederate Council, in which he has large influence and power, may indeed prevent a change of the Constitution, but not the establishing of any other law, if the Parliament is in favor of it.

Further, the German Emperor cannot, like the President of the United States, appoint thousands of officers and depose them at his pleasure. He has no more power to declare war than has the President of the United States. The Emperor has the right of pardoning in the same way as the President, but the abuse of the pardoning power, so common in America, is not known in Germany, where the highest criminals are punished as well as the poorest and lowest.

The President of the United States, says this writer, has been called a King in a frock coat; the head of the German Empire may better be called a President in purple.

Summer Confuted.

We have now from the correspondent of the New York *World* with the San Domingo Commissioners a document, which was wrung from the Cabinet of President Baez, and which, curiously enough, is a categorical denial of all the leading points made by Senator Sumner in his bitter speech against annexation and his furious denunciation of President Grant. Sumner charged that President Grant had taken measures to produce a pressure on the opinions of the people of San Domingo in regard to annexation; that he had made a display of the United States naval forces in order to overawe the neighboring country of Hayti; that he had induced Baez to banish Morrison persons who were opposed to annexation, and that at his instance many other high handed proceedings were taken to consummate the acquisition. All these statements are pointedly denied and disproved by the document which the *World's* correspondent furnishes. This establishes from still another source the falsity and malignity of Senator Sumner's charges against Grant. The insinuation that Grant was interested in land speculations in Bay of Samana proves as false as the rest. One of the first results of the investigation of the Commissioners is to shatter that miserable slander. Sumner is coming out of this investigation with a reputation not enviable. He deliberately attempted to blacken the character of the President, but is himself humiliated and disgraced.

The "West Side" and its Railway.

Much interest, we learn, is being manifested among west side people in regard to the construction of the proposed railroad through their section of country. All are anxious to have positive assurance that work will be commenced at an early day. Some apprehension is felt lest the adverse opinion of the Attorney General on the transfer of the land grant to the new company may block the enterprise. But most people are quite confident that the work will go forward, and as a consequence there is a rise in the value of real estate, with much greater inquiry, especially for good farms. This is particularly the case in Washington county, which it is anticipated will be reached by the end of the present year.

West side people, we are now sure, may put their minds at rest as regards the building of this road. They may expect the work to begin as soon as the weather settles and preparations can be made. The railroad men, who have been so anxiously awaiting it for years, will soon be built through the rich district which they occupy, and the time is not distant when they will deem it a fortunate thing to live on the "west side."

The OREGONIAN endeavors to convict the *Herald* of pursuing a crooked course in regard to the Police Bill; but it has signally failed. *Herald.*

However this may be, it is certain that the *Herald* has not failed to convict itself of pursuing both a crooked and dishonest course in regard to that bill. We are willing, indeed, to admit that the *Herald* stated the case against itself more strongly than we stated it; it knew all the turns and windings of its own crooked course better than we did. Hence by the joint efforts of the editor and one of the proprietors the "conviction" is made both striking and complete.

The following is the specific charge made in the letter to the Jacksonville *Times* against the proprietors of the *Herald*:

> They levied the black mail on the Locks and Canal Company for the ostensible purpose of fighting for the company, but really to defend Gov. Grover from the attacks of Radical editors for signing the bill.

This seems intrinsically probable from the fact that they declined to oppose the Police Bill, which they say is "totally wrong and rotten in principle," through a fear that if they opposed it they would fail to get their own jobs through the Legislature.

The sentiment of New England in regard to Sumner may be judged by the utterances of the press there at the time the Senator made his furious and groundless attack on President Grant. Even the Boston Republican papers censured him severely, and the Advertiser of that city, which had been deemed friendly to him, and is confessedly the leading Republican journal of New England, said that Sumner had gone so far in his bitterness against Grant that there was no way out save through his own humiliation. That humiliation is now come.

The German Immigration Society of New York has issued its annual report embracing facts and statistics concerning German immigration at that port during the past year. It appears that 71,280 Germans were landed at New York during the year, against 105,571 during the previous year. Thus it will be seen that in consequence of the Franco-German war, the German immigration at that port has fallen off by 30,291.

The Mercantile Library Lottery

The annual report of the officers of the Mercantile Library Association of San Francisco, just issued, is before us. The President's report has the following reflections on the late lottery, which are quite curious as showing how people may express contrition and repentance for their evil ways in speculation and money-making, and still take care to retain their ill-gotten gains:

> The Legislature being then in session, passed a bill, by almost an unanimous vote, for the relief of the Association. This bill, which became a law on the 19th of February, 1870, authorized the Association to hold three Gift Concerts, at which articles of value should be distributed, providing the proceeds were devoted to the liquidation of the indebtedness of the Association. In a special report to members on the 1st of December last, I announced that the nett profit of these entertainments was $310,120, out of which the entire indebtedness of the Association had been paid, leaving still a handsome sum in the Treasury to be devoted to the purchase of much needed books. The very valuable property of the Association is thus relieved from debt, and is covered by insurance in the sum of $150,000, for three years, at a very low rate of premium.
>
> Thus was the Institution, by a process at once corrupting and demoralising—a process which it may be hoped for the honor of the people, will not be repeated in this State—saved from the jaws of death. The property had been sold by the sheriff at public auction, to satisfy the mortgage. It is now restored to the Library Association. The people of the State at large, in a great measure, rescued the Institution from the ruin which threatened it, and it is hoped that members, to whom the credit of its salvation cannot be credited, will atone for the reproach attaching to such an unfortunate resort, by additional zeal in its welfare, and by practical labors to enhance its influence and usefulness.

The *Bulletin* says: "We have it from first-rate authority that *two* of the Lock and Canal Company have declared that they *had* to pay the *Herald* $500 for defending the measure and advocating that scheme. We think the statement can be made to stick." How is this? After all, it seems likely to turn out that the *Herald did* get the $500. It works cheap, very cheap indeed, if it gets only $500 for defending the biggest *steal* ever perpetrated in the State. It ought to be worth more to assist in and defend a downright robbery of $75,000. Probably that paper's services in such a case are worth no more than that sum; but it don't let the State off so easily. Having the State at a *final* vantage, its robberies upon the Treasury (which it was so anxious to perpetrate, that it wouldn't oppose the "rotten" Police bill) are to be counted by thousands. But in behalf of the "ring" the *Herald* certainly works cheap, very cheap, indeed.

Land Claimants in Union County.

STATE OF THE CASE AT SUMMERVILLE—CLAIMANTS LIKELY TO HOLD MORE LAND THAN THEY ARE ENTITLED TO.

SUMMERVILLE, UNION COUNTY, March 4th, 1871.

EDITOR OREGONIAN:

In your issue of February 25th I saw an article, copied from the *Mountain Democrat* and headed "Land Sharks in Eastern Oregon," which I would like to notice. I do not pretend to say that there are no land sharks in Eastern Oregon, but if there are any they have not yet made their appearance in the immediate vicinity of Summerville, from the fact that this portion of the country presents few, if any, inducements to capitalists or large farmers to invest in real estate.

The fact is the country around Summerville is settled up principally by a class of people not remarkable for energy or enterprise, and knowing that the facts of the case would be bad enough, I thought I would try to prevent an erroneous impression from gaining ground. I have lived in this settlement ever since it was first settled, and have not known of any land having improvements on it, being notified on by the claimants, except in cases where the first occupants had left the country. But I know of men who are trying to hold more land than they are entitled to by law, and I could at any time within the last five years have taken up such land if I wished to do so. In most cases people here hold land two miles or more from their actual home with a little broken ground and a few rods of shanghai fence, without a house on it. They will occasionally sleep a night or two on it, which is the extent of their occupancy.

As to this great indignation meeting at Summerville, it is strange that very few persons knew anything of it until after it was all over, and until after the proceedings (if any) had been sent off, for publication. As to this self-constituted committee (for such I believe it to be) they are more scared than hurt, and only hold this out as a "bluff." It is well known here that Mr. Terwilliger has lived on his land for eight years and could pay for it any time if he wished, and that he has been trying to sell out for the last two years (hence his inability to pay for it), and that he holds another tract, about three miles from his home (by proxy), on which he has never lived except for a few days at a time, during cropping or harvest time.

As to Mr. Myers, I do not know how much land he is trying to hold, but I do know that he has been here several years and has grown comparatively rich speculating in land claims, and is amply able to pay for his land and enter it any time, having a pretty good start of stock, and people can sell their surplus stock almost any time at good prices for cash.

As to Mr. Morelock, I am barely able to recognize him on sight; but I am informed that he owns a farm and is interested in farming machinery to some extent, and is also able to enter his land without much sacrifice.

As to the State land in this part of the valley, there has been very little of it improved by any one, and where it has been improved it has never been troubled except in one solitary instance, and owing to the fact of the principal actor in the matter being dead I shall not mention names. Suffice it to say that he already owned three hundred and twenty acres of land, and that the occupant of the other tract was a poor widow over seventy years of age, and yet there was no indignation meeting called to draft resolutions or take any steps to see her restored to her rights. As to the vacant State lands in this section, although there are several families here without homes, they do not wish to take it up as it is generally of little value, owing to the distance from timber; or where there is timber on it, it is of no value for farming land, and another reason is that possession heretofore has been no protection to them, as they could not make any deposit towards paying for it.

The fact is that these men are afraid that some one will jump some of this land that is so situated, and that their own interests may suffer in consequence. They do not take it into consideration that they are causing a wrong impression to go forth that may injure the country and prevent its being settled; but if people on the outside knew the degree of intelligence to which the soil committee has attained, they would pay very little attention to them. They had to get a person on the outside to draft the said resolutions for them, and not one of them can write his own name in a manner that is intelligible. I think that if Mr. Myers' antecedents were inquired into, he is not justly entitled to hold land under the United States Government. When men say, as I have heard a dozen of them do, that they owe no allegiance to the United States, I do not think that they should be entitled to any rights or benefits under such Government. (*I do not include Mr. Terwilliger in this class.*)

The winter has been unusually mild in this valley. A great proportion of the stock has wintered out without any feed, and considerable plowing has been done up to the last ten days, when it snowed so as to put a stop to it for the present. The snow is disappearing very fast, however, and operations will commence again immediately.

I shall conclude by saying that I am not in favor of taking up any man's land that has improvements on it, but that I do not like to see men hold by fraud more than the law allows them. Yours, truly,

A CITIZEN.

OREGON.

It is stated that the bridge over the Abiqua, two and a half miles below Silverton, has been carried away by high water.

A. McNeal, of Salem, a few days ago built himself a skiff at that place, put his family and household goods and gods aboard, and started for the new city of Kalama.

Drunken Indians are prowling about Salem. The other night one made an effort to enter the house of Mrs. J. C. Bell. Dr. Belt came up and thrashed him away with his cane.

We hear witness with pleasure, says the *Statesman*, to the value of the efforts in behalf of our State constantly being made by our Senator, Corbett, who is constantly alive to our interests, and active in representing them and making the advantages of our State known abroad. The latest proof of this is the receipt of a pamphlet containing the most important facts compiled by the Portland Board of Statistics which Mr. Corbett has had republished for general distribution.

From the Salem *Statesman*. It is a common thought with our citizens and business men that our city could be greatly benefitted and travelers convenienced if the railroad was built, as was first contemplated, directly through the lower part of the city. If this change is considered necessary why not use a little effort to accomplish it? The O. & C. R. R. Co. now have in contemplation the construction of a branch three quarters of a mile long to reach the flouring mill and the river, and it may be possible that the same expense incurred to change the line of the road, as so many desire, would save the building of a branch to the river and bring the road very near to the water powers at both ends of the city.

FOREIGN NOTES.

Oratorically considered, M. Thiers is a bunch of incongruities. His choice of language is pertinent, but his voice and manner of delivery are unstable.

Victor Hugo has been seriously ill in Paris—the result of scarcity of food and his sense of bitter disappointment at the threated failure of the Republic in France.

The advance of public sentiment in Great Britain has produced a wonderful reform in an unexpected quarter. The Prince of Wales, it is said, is lately mending his ways and becoming virtuous.

Swinburne, the poet, although only twenty-five years of age, is said to look like a man of forty. He is aged in appearance, and they say that the excessive use of black coffee, brandy and opium has done it.

The veteran actress Dejazet "makes up" so well on the stage that notwithstanding her seventy-two years it would be difficult to say which is the older, she or her daughter Hermite, of thirty-eight years.

There is in a certain building in Paris an unexploded Prussian shell which no one dare remove for fear of a dangerous result. It remains imbedded in the wood-work of the house, and is an object at once of dread and curiosity to the neighbors.

In the matter of bogus "counts" and fraudulent "princes," Continental Europe seems to be no better off than this country. A fellow pretending to be a Russian prince and an intimate friend and companion of the Crown Prince of Russia has been arrested in Marseilles for picking pockets in church.

A curious diversity of opinion exists among the English royal family upon the subject of the Franco-Prussian war. The Queen and her eldest daughter, the wife of the Crown Prince of Prussia, side with the Prussians, while the Prince of Wales and the Princess of Wales, the Princess Helena, wife of Prince Christian, and the Duke of Cambridge, the Queen's uncle, are equally friendly to France. No statement is given as to the views of Prince Alfred and Prince Arthur. They, doubtless, think that it is a "blawsted bloody piece of business all 'round, you know!"

There is no end to the gossip furnished by the correspondents upon the subject of the Marquis of Lorne. It is said that owing to the necessity that will compel him, after his marriage, practically to abandon his career as a public man, his father, the Duke of Argyll, regards the union as a misfortune. The Crown Prince of Prussia was much opposed to the marriage, as he had fixed upon a German Prince as a husband for the Princess Louise. But as it is the Marquis of Lorne will be enabled one day to say, "My mother-in-law, the Queen, and my brother-in-law, the Emperor of Germany."

POLITICAL NOTES.

It is noted as a remarkable fact that the most vigorous efforts of the Democrats during the session of Congress just closed were made against bills to extend education and protect the ballot-box.

Very great is the use of the English language in the Lexington (Mo.) *Caucasian*. It got recently into somewhat of a passion about the National debt, and broke out alarmingly as follows: "Whimper no more over the hapless victims of old world tyranny! Cease your idiotic snuffing over Austrian, Turkish, or barbarian thralldom." "Dry up the fountains," this beautiful writer went on to say, "O sullen lugubriousness, which have been want to gush over the wrongs of the down trodden Hibernian. Gaze and gaze astounded, horrified, indignant, upon the gigantic evidence of your own enslavement, humiliation, ruin and shame."

THE TERRITORIES.

They are breaking legs at the skating rink at Boise City.

A man named V. R. Fretwell was recently killed by a snow slide at Big Cottonwood Canyon, Utah. The fatality occurred early in the morning while Fretwell and another man named Hilderbrand were yet asleep. The latter escaped uninjured.

The Idaho *Democrat* says that there are in Boise City ten or fifteen young men ranging in age from sixteen to twenty two years, who, like all healthy and robust youth, possess a great flow of animal spirits. This flow usually crops out after darkness comes down, when they meet in council and devise the best mode of doing the most deviltment in the least possible space of time without getting caught in the act of doing it.

ISAAC BERMAN TO HIS OLD CUSTOMERS AND THE PUBLIC GENERALLY!—Having returned with Ben Holladay on the steamer *Oriflamme* with a large stock of Clothing and Gents' Furnishing Goods, I intend to soon get rid of them at a small profit. Quick returns is my motto. On corner First and Alder streets, Odd Fellows' Temple.

SPRING STYLES.—KOHN & FISHEL, as usual, are the first to fill their store with the new Spring Styles of Clothing and Furnishing Goods. Their stock is very large, and their goods of the best quality, and latest styles. Messrs. Kohn & Fishel buy their goods in large quantities, consequently, get them at low rates and can afford to sell cheap, which they intend to do.

They respectfully invite their friends and patrons to give them a call

THE NEW AND VALUABLE IMPROVEMENT IN SECURING DENTAL FILLINGS—Patent applied for in January, A. D. 1871—is used only by the inventor, Dr C. H Mack, Office of Mack & Welch, in the Odd Fellows' Building, Portland.

TEA.—The best quality of Young Hyson, Gunpowder and Orange, of direct importation can be had at C. M. Martin's Grocery Store on First street.

Also, Maple Sugar direct from New England.

German Herring, and other kinds of Fish, fresh, salt and dried

Italian Chestnuts and all sorts of fruits

Oranges, Lemons and all fruits of the season.

Hams, Poultry and Game.

Fresh Eggs, Butter and Vegetables and all kinds of Family Groceries at the most reasonable prices, delivered in any part of the city upon short notice.

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$1,000 REWARD is offered by the proprietor of Dr. Pierce's Alt Ext or Golden Medical Discovery, for a medicine that will equal it in the cure of all severe lingering Coughs, "Liver Complaint" or Biliousness, and all diseases arising from impurity of the blood, as Eruptions, Pimples, Blotches and Boils. Sold by druggists. The Genuine has Dr. Pierce's private Government Stamp on the outside wrapper. This private stamp has the Doctor's portrait, name and address, and the words "U. S. Certificate of Genuineness" engraved on the same.

C. H. MACK. J. WELCH.

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The Late and Improved Styles of work at Reduced Rates Nitrous Oxide Gas for the painless Extraction of Teeth. ap12tf

DR. J. H. HATCH,
DENTIST.

The patronage of those desiring FIRST-CLASS OPERATIONS respectfully solicited.

Satisfaction in all cases guaranteed

NITROUS OXIDE administered for the Painless Extraction of Teeth.

OFFICE—No. 109 First street, opposite the Postoffice n24dawtf

MARRIED:

Portland, March 14, 1871, at the residence of John C. Carson, Esq., by Rev G H Atkinson, Mr. Joseph H. Kibling and Miss Mary E. Carson.

March 9, 1871, at the residence of the bride's father, by Rt. Rev Scrap, J. P., Mr. Thomas L. Harris and Miss Emmie Jack, all of Washington county, Oregon

DIED:

At the residence of Mrs Mary Gibson, Feb. 10, 1871, Ira D., only daughter of John and H. Elliott, aged 1 year, 2 months and 17 days

Weep not for me, my parents dear,
I am not dead, but sleeping here
As I am now, so you must be,
Prepare yourselves to follow me,
I am not yours, but Christ's alone;
He loved me best and took me home.

NEW TO-DAY.

50 000 Boys and Girls Wanted

ONE OR MORE IN EVERY CITY, VILLAGE AND neighborhood in the United States, to work at leisure hours for good pay in cash. Pleasant, permanent, honorable employment. Write at once to

JOHN B ALDEN & CO, Chicago Ills.

Please mention where you saw this. mr15dlt

Notice.

I WISH TO SAY IN REPLY TO AN ITEM IN THE *Bulletin* stating that I was arrested and taken before Judge Lewis on a charge of vagrancy, that it is not true. I was arrested for assault and battery. I have been a resident of Portland for 15 years, working as longshoreman, drayman and horse-racer, and have always borne a good character, as I can prove by men I worked for. I come down from Salem to correct the charge made against me in the *Bulletin*.

WM. ADAMS,
Alias Six-Toed Pete.
It

Farm for Sale.

A FIRST RATE STOCK OR DAIRY FARM CONTAINING 603 acres, situated on the north side of Baker's Bay, W. T., about three or four miles from the Fort at Cape Disappointment. There are about four or five hundred acres of Prairie, on this claim, all under fence with a House and good Barn on it.

Also, Twenty five Milch Cows for sale.

For further particulars inquire of the undersigned (by letter or otherwise) at Oysterville, Pacific county, W. T., or Messrs. Williams & Myers, No. 5 Central Block, Portland, Oregon. mr15dawtf H S GILE.

Dissolution of Copartnership.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT THE COPARTnership heretofore existing between A Taylor and John M. Hulley, under the firm name of A Taylor & Co., is hereby dissolved by mutual consent.

A. Taylor will collect and receipt for all debts due A. Taylor & Co., and assume all the liabilities of said firm.

A. TAYLOR,
JOHN M HULLEY.

Portland, Or., March 14, 1871.

The Livery and Sale business of the late firm of A. Taylor & Co., will hereafter be carried on by the undersigned. mr15d2w A. TAYLOR.

PORTLAND Library Association.

ROOMS,
CORNER OF STARK AND FIRST STREETS,
OVER LADD & TILTON'S BANK.

CONTAINING 3,000 VOLUMES OF CHOICE BOOK AND
OVER 100 PAPERS AND PERIODICALS

Membership Free to All.

Monthly Dues $1 00—payable Quarterly.

DIRECTORS:
CHARLES B. CALEY, L. B. WAKEFIELD,
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Librarian and Recording Secretary.
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Treasurer and Corresponding Sec'y.
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Vice President.
L. B. WAKEFIELD,
President.
ap23dtf

SELLING OFF AT COST.

INTENDING TO CLOSE OUT OUR BUSINESS, WE will sell our Stock of Goods AT COST. We have a general assortment of Merchandise, consisting of

Ladies' Dress Goods,
CLOTHING, HATS, BOOTS, SHOES,
GROCERIES, &C.

Those desiring to purchase will find it to their advantage to call on us at our LOW PRICES

WM. MASTERS & CO.,
Cor. Front and Yamhill Sts., Portland.
mr14dlm

REAL ESTATE AGENCY.

The Oldest Real Estate Agency in Oregon.

PARRISH, ATKINSON AND WOODWARD
Real Estate Agents,

CORNER ALDER AND FRONT STS.,

Have Property for Sale in

PORTLAND, EAST PORTLAND,
And Throughout OREGON Generally

WE CAN OFFER SUPERIOR INDUCEMENTS to purchasers of

REAL ESTATE

HOUSES RENTED,
RENTS COLLECTED,
MONEY LOANED,
TAXES PAID.

And everything that pertains to the Real Estate Business attended to with promptness

LEGAL PAPERS written and acknowledged at any time J. L. ATKINSON,
L. M. PARRISH Notary Public
mr10 TYLER WOODWARD. dlf

REMOVAL.

RUMMELIN & CUTTMANN,
Manufacturers and Dealers in
ALL KINDS OF FURS
CAN BE FOUND AT
104 Front Street,
Opposite W. Currier & Co.

Orders promptly filled REPAIRING and CLEANING done at reasonable terms

The Highest Price Paid for Raw Furs.
mr24lm

GLORIOUS VICTORY!

THAT ACHIEVED BY CASSIN'S
XXX WILD GRAPE ROOT BITTERS
Over all competition. They are the best! The Judges at the last Mechanics' Fair decided that point. Sold everywhere. Try them fe21d3m2p

Amusements.

ORO FINO THEATER.

LESSEE ..... MRS. F. M HATES
STAGE MANAGER ..... J. H. VINSON

OBSERVE THE PRICES—Dress Circle 50 cents; Gallery, 25 cents, Reserved Seats, 75 cents.

NEW ATTRACTION!

CONTINUED SUCCESS OF
THE BATES DRAMATIC COMPANY
ENGAGEMENT OF
THE PIXLEY SISTERS.

First Appearance of the
Ethiopian Character Delineators!!!
MESSRS. COGILL and COOPER.

Wednesday Eve'g, March 15, 1871,

The new and splendid comedy of

USED UP!

Mary ..... Annie Pixley
James ..... Minnie Pixley

Supported by the Company.

AFTER A GRAND MELANGE

SONG and DANCE, "Silver on her head," ..... MINNIE PIXLEY
CHAMPION CLOG ..... COGILL and COOPER
BALLAD, "Kathleen Aroon" ..... Miss ANNIE PIXLEY
The Morning Glories ..... COGILL and COOPER

TWO LECTURES
ON
Geology of the Great Basin of the Interior of Oregon.
BY
REV. THOMAS CONDON,
AT
PHILHARMONIC HALL,
TUESDAY & WEDNESDAY EVENGS, March 14th and 22d,
At 7 30 o'clock.

Tickets, $1 00, single admission, 50 cents

AT THE REQUEST OF SEVERAL GENTLEMEN prominently connected with the Northern Pacific Railroad Company, together with many citizens of Portland, the Rev Thomas Condon has consented to give TWO LECTURES as above indicated.

Mr Condon has devoted much of his time and talent in reading up the buried history of Eastern Oregon. So far as the interesting science of Geology (of which he is an enthusiastic student) could aid him, he has done more for Oregon, Geologically, than all others, and to show appreciation for past services, as well as to aid him in prosecuting further search, the net proceeds of these Lectures will be for Mr. C.'s sole benefit. Therefore show your appreciation of honest worth and fill the house to overflowing.

Tickets can be had at the bookstores of S. J. McCormick and Harris & Holman, and at the office of Oregon Steam Navigation Co

Portland, March 8, 1871. mr8dld

CELEBRATION OF
ST. PATRICK'S DAY:
Friday, March 17, 1871.

THE IRISH CITIZENS OF PORTLAND WILL Celebrate the coming Anniversary of

IRELAND'S PATRON SAINT

In a becoming manner, and respectfully invite all Irishmen in this city or State, and also in Washington Territory, to participate with them on that occasion.

Order of Exercises:

The PORTLAND HIBERNIAN BENEVOLENT SOCIETY, EMMET GUARD and ERNIAN BROTHERHOOD, and all others who wish to participate, will meet at the

HIBERNIAN HALL,

On Stark street, at 9 o'clock A. M., where the Procession will form and march to the Steamer to receive the VANCOUVER HIBERNIAN BENEVOLENT SOCIETY. The Procession will then reform, and proceed to

ST. MARIE'S CATHEDRAL,

Where Services will be held, and a SERMON by

REV. FATHER GIBNEY,

After which the Procession will parade through the principal Streets to St. Mary's Academy; from thence to the

Oro Fino Theater,

Where an ORATION will be delivered by

MR. JAMES O'MEARA;

From thence to the

RUSS HOUSE,

Where DINNER will be served; after which the Societies and their guests will escort the Vancouver Hibernian Benevolent Society on board the boat, returning to their Halls. The day will terminate with a

GRAND DRESS BALL

GIVEN BY THE P. H. B. SOCIETY.

Officers of the Day:

Chief Marshal ..... W. P. BURKE.
Ass't Marshals ..... Dr. J. C. Ryan, M. Gleason, and N. O'Neil
Orator ..... JAMES O'MEARA.
President ..... P. O. C. SEWELL.

The 23D INFANTRY BAND has been engaged for the occasion. W. P BURKE,
mr13dd Grand Marshal.

ELEVENTH ANNUAL BALL
OF THE
EMMET AND
HIBERNIAN BENEVOLENT SOCIETY
WILL BE GIVEN AT THE
WASHINGTON GUARD ARMORY
Friday Evening, March 17, 1871.

Committee of Arrangements:

W P. Burke, M. Gleason, T. Rogers,
T. Kearney, T. Brannon, D. Cavanagh,
C. J. Fitzgerald, A. Mallon, F. Gatens.

Reception Committee:

Terence Rogers, Wm. Hasley, W. P. Burke,
Patrick Martin.

Floor Managers:

Capt. E Cahalin, Nicholas O'Neil, M. Gleason,
C. B. McLoughlin, Robert Blunott, W. P. Burke.

TICKETS ..... $2 50.
mr6dtd

ORATORIO REHEARSALS

AT

M'GIBENY'S ACADEMY OF MUSIC

WILL BE HELD ON

Tuesday & Saturday Evenings,

At 8 o'clock.

First Rehearsal—Saturday Evening, March 11, 1871.
mr10 dlw

FOR SALE.

Lots 3 and 4, Block 232, on Park street; a very desirable location for a residence 1,500
1-2 Lot and Dwelling in Block 177 2,100
Block 80, East Portland 1,600
Lot 8, Block 112 5,000
Lots 1 and 4 in Park Block 2 4,250

ALSO,

Lots, Blocks and 5 acre tracts at KALAMA, and One-Acre Tracts at all the prominent points on PUGET SOUND.

For further particulars in relation to the above and for description and price of over ONE MILLION DOLLARS worth of other Property apply to

RUSSELL, FERRY & WOODWARD,
No. 100 Front St.
mr14dlf

Ocean Steamers.

FOR SAN FRANCISCO, DIRECT,
Carrying the U. S. Mail.

THE NORTH PACIFIC TRANSPORTATION COMPany's Steamship

ORIFLAMME,

F. HOLLES ..... Commander.

Will leave Couch's Wharf for the above port

THURSDAY, MARCH 16, 1871,
At 4 o'clock P. M.

For Freight or Passage apply at the Office of the Company, No. 9 Front St. GEO. W. WEIDLER, Agent.

For Port Townsend, San Juan, Nanaimo, Fort Wrangle & Sitka.

THE NORTH PACIFIC TRANSPORTATION COMpany's Steam Propeller

CALIFORNIA,

JOHN HAYES ..... Commander.

Will leave Couch's Wharf for the above ports

FRIDAY, MARCH 10, 1871,
At 4 o'clock, P. M.

For Freight or Passage apply at the Office of the Company, No. 9 Front street, GEO. W. WEIDLER, Agent.

FOR VICTORIA,

THE NORTH PACIFIC TRANSPORTATION CO.'S Steam Propeller

GEO. S. WRIGHT,

N. L. ROGERS ..... Commander

Will leave Couch's Wharf for the above ports

WEDNESDAY, MARCH 15, 1871,
At 4 o'clock P. M.

For Freight or Passage apply at the Office of the Company, No. 9 Front St. GEO. W. WEIDLER, Agent.

FOR LIVERPOOL & QUEENSTOWN

INMAN LINE

OF ROYAL MAIL STEAMERS,

Sailing from New York

Every Saturday and Alternate Tuesday

Cabin Passage, to Liverpool (gold) $75 00
Steerage Passage to Liverpool (currency) 30 00

Passage from Liverpool to New York:

Cabin (gold) $75 00
Steerage (currency) 30 00

Round Trip Tickets issued at very low rates.

JOHN G DALE, Agent,
15 Broadway, New York.
Or GEO. W. WEIDLER,
No. 9 Front St., Portland, Oregon.
jn19d1m

Foundries.

Oregon Iron Works,
SOUTH FRONT STREET,
Manufacturers of
ENGINES, BOILERS,
MILL MACHINERY,
AND
Stoves of all Kinds.
DAVID McCULLY,
President.
fl6dawtf

CITY BRASS WORKS
G Street, between Third & Fourth.
MANUFACTURERS', ENGINEERS'
AND
STEAM FITTERS'
BRASS WORKS.
Best Work at States' Prices.
ja24dtf W. G. BELL & CO.

SPRING STYLES

IN

SILK HATS!

AND OTHERS,

Are ready and for sale at

J. C. MUESSDORFFER & BRO.

THE GRANVILLE,
GERMANIA,
HOOK, AND
KING WILLIAM HAT,
ARE THE LATEST ARRIVALS.
mr10dlf

FOR SALE
BY
STITZEL & UPTON,
REAL ESTATE BROKERS,
COR. FRONT & WASHINGTON STS.,
PORTLAND, OREGON.

100,000 Acres

OF CHOICE WALLAMETTE VALLEY LANDS, Improved or unimproved, situated in the Rich and Fertile counties of Washington, Yamhill, Polk, Benton, Lane, Linn and other counties.

ALSO,

A large amount of choice Homestead and Business Property situated in the cities of Portland and East Portland.

NOW IS YOUR TIME TO PURCHASE!

The Wallamette Valley Railroad Company will complete their first Twenty miles of Railroad commencing at Portland and running west 20 miles, by Nov. 1, 1871.

For further particulars as to location and prices of lands, apply at our office STITZEL & UPTON.

Branch Offices:

WILLIAM DAWSON, Ag't, McMinnville, Yamhill Co.
J. C MENDENHALL, Albany.
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W. L BARLOW, Oregon City. fe14dlf

A. O. SERVENAY,
MANUFACTURER OF
Umbrellas & Parasols.

COVERING AND REPAIRING DONE IN the best manner at the shortest notice.

PANS and WALKING CANES Repaired.

No. 12 Morrison St.,
NEXT DOOR TO THE WEBFOOT SALOON
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Auction and Commission.

A. B. RICKESON,
AUCTIONEER
Corner of Front ... Streets

AUCTION SALE
OF REAL ESTATE, GROCERIES, CHANDLERY AND ...

Sale Days—Wednesday ...

At Private Sale.
ENGLISH REFINED ...
Do SQUARE ...
HORSE SHOES, PIG ...
SCREWS, PUTTANS ...

Large assortment ...
A. B. R.

Regular and Per... Sale

Furniture, Groceries
GENERAL MERCHANDISE, &c.
I will sell at my ...
ON WEDNESDAY, March 15, 1871,
At Auction
Groceries &c.
200 lbs STAR C
90 cheds C...
50 bags ...
25 bags C...
50 kegs SYR...
10 bbls ...
190 lbs C. O. NAIL
ALSO
80 lbs FANCY SOAP
ALSO
50 lbs TEA
50 lbs ...
FRESH ...
A. B. RICKESON, Auctioneer.

DRUGS, MEDICINES, ETC.
HODGE, CALEF & CO.
DRUGS, PAINTS, OILS AND GLASS
OFFER TO DEALERS ...
QUICKSILVER
... VITRIOL
... TARTAR
... STRYCHNINE
QUININE
SULPHUR ...
Also a full Stock of
Patent Medicines, &c.
All of which ... at the lowest rates.
ap25dtf2p H. CALEF & CO.

SADDLERY AND HARNESS
S. SHERLOCK & CO.
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALERS IN
Saddles, Harness,
SADDLERY HARNESS
Hill's Concord Stage and Buggy Harness, &c., &c.
SALE ROOMS—No 43 ... Front St Portland.
mr25 ... on hand

J. B. CONGER,
96 FRONT STREET, PORTLAND.
(New ... and Old)
SADDLERY HARNESS
Saddles, Bridles,
WHIPS AND HARNESS
OF EVERY ...

MILK AT A REDUCED ...
ON AND AFTER ... WILL ... No. 1 article of ... at
HOTELS, RESTAURANTS ...
20 cts per Gallon.
FAMILIES ...
61-1-4 cents per Qt.
MILK DELIVERED EVERY M...
Having no rent to pay and ... buying my feed by the quantity, I can furnish a superior article. I feed no swill.
Satisfaction guaranteed or money refunded.
Orders left at H Martin's Grocery, Temple, cor Central Market, ... promptly filled.
Portland, March 1, 1871 C. E ...

CHEAP MUSIC FOR THE MILLION
Hitchcock's Half-Dime Music.
ANY TWENTY PIECES ... mailed in pamphlet form ...
HITCHCOCK'S DIME MU...
Ten Copies securely mailed ...
HITCHCOCK'S MONTHLY ...
Single copies, 25 cents ...
HITCHCOCK'S ...
BOYS' & GIRLS' MUSICAL ALBUM
Single copies, 10 c...
Catalogues sent to any address for Stamp
Orders for the above published will receive prompt attention if sent to the ...
JOHN W. ... COCK,
Bookseller, News De... and Stationer,
mr4 PITTSBURGH

MEDICAL ANNOUNCEMENT.

J. N. CUNNINGHAM, M. D., ... fully informs the ... PRIVATE HOSPITAL AND ... in Portland, Oregon, on First ... Pine, for the treatment of all CHRONIC COMPLAINTS ... Diseases, Weaknesses and Debilities ... the Eye, Ear, Throat, Lungs, &c.

All private complaints will receive ... and a permanent cure.

Consultation free of Charge. ... shall have equal work. All ... furnished by the Doctor.

CHILLS AND FEVER CURED ... onous medicine of any kind. The ... cient Medicines for Children will be ... sary FOR ALL COMPLAINTS

The Daily Oregonian

WEDNESDAY MORNING, MARCH ...

CITY:

RELICS OF THE WILLAMETTE.—Several ... ago we received an anonymous note from a ... writer mentioning the fact that a portion of the ... first building erected on the site of Oregon ... still remaining. We have made some ... to the location of that building, but have ... far met with no one who could tell exactly ... some of the old settlers assert that it ... who erected the first building. Our present correspondent says: "There still remains a ... dilapidated condition, a relic of the first ... a portion of the building is covered with ... in the city of Portland. Many will recall ... that every relic of the kind has been ... especially when we look at the many improvements surrounding the locality ... strange to say, there is an old fashio

and Commission.
RICHARDSON'S
TIONEER
Front and Oak Streets.
TION SALES
TH GROCERIES, GENERAL
NDISE AND HORSES
Wednesday and Saturday
A. B. RICHARDSON.
Private
SFINED SAR
HARE & CUTACO
23, FILES, RASP
Y-PANS, SHEET I.
ALSO:
ortment of GROCERIES
A. B. RICHARDSON
and Peremptory Sale
of
ure, Groceries
L MERCHANDISE &C.
ell at my Auction Sale
ESDAY, MARCH
At 10 o'clock A. M.
Groceries:
ns STARCH;
ons JAPAN TEA;
ALSO,
ubert BAKER
ooths TOOTHPICKS
ALSO,
Sugar SYRUP;
ands VINEGAR;
ALSO,
kets C. C. SOAP;
ALSO,
NANCY SOAP;
ALSO,
half bbls SUGAR;
bbls N. O. MOLASSES;
ALSO,
PAINTS, OILS AND GLASS.
DEALERS IN PA
O LEMKE
IN PATENT MA
PAINTS, OILS AND GLASS.
DRUGGISTS AND
SILVER
VITRIOL;
OIL
PATENT MEDICINES
IN LB cans;
ERATED LYE
ARM ACID
ETC.
ALSO, ETC.
Bitters, etc.
ROSE OAKES & CO.
97 Front street.
ESS AND HARNESS.
H. COCK & CO.
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALERS IN
dles, Harness,
HARDWARE
Concord Stage and Buggy
&c., &c.
ROOMS No. 43 45 and 53
1st St., Portland
BOOT AND SHOE MAKERS' TOOLS
HARDWARE
dles, Bridles,
D AND HARNESS
OF EVERY DESCRIPTION
AT A REDUCED PRICE.
ON AND AFTER THIS DATE WE WILL FURNISH
OF OUR MAKE at the following rates
Gallon.
PAINTS.
Quart
ENING.
ver
MUSIC FOR THE MILLION.
Hook & Hall
PIANOS
ORGANS
HOOK'S DIME MUSIC.
sent securely mailed on
MONTHLY MAGA
cents, 25 cents per
HITCHCOCK
CHILDREN'S MUSICAL
Single copies, 10 cents.
To any address on
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IN W. PITT
r News Dealer
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ICAL ANNOUNCEMENT
CURING
COMPLAINTS.
Specifics
and Debility of
Throat, Lungs, &c.
wonderful in its
will excel
cure.
Free of Charge. Call
Depot,
ND FEVER CURED
e of any kind. The most
for Children will be found
COMPLAINTS.

The Daily Oregonian.

WEDNESDAY MORNING, MARCH 15, 1871.

CITY.

RELICS OF THE WILDERNESS.—Several days ago we received an anonymous note from a city [illegible] informing the fact that a portion of the [illegible] erected on the site of this city is [illegible] rag. We have made some inquiries as to the location of that building, but have thus far met with no one who could tell exactly; and one of the old settlers disagree as to the person who erected the first building. Our anonymous correspondent says: "There still remains, in a dilapidated condition, a relic of the first roof and weatherboarding of the building it covered, ever built in the city of Portland. Many would suppose that every relic of the kind had been obliterated, but especially when we look at the many fine improvements surrounding the location. * * * Within a stone's throw under the sheds adjoining yet stands old and fresh as ever—a problem for scientific men. What preserves the old snag?"

ACROSS THE CASCADES.—A gentleman who came down the Columbia yesterday, informs us that the work of removing the land slide from the railroad at the Cascades portage, is likely to be a much greater job than was at first contemplated. A considerable section of the road was yet buried yesterday, when the passengers came down, and the ground continues to slide. The rain storm of Tuesday will not be able to pass to day. Many serious slides may occur. It is quite certain that the passengers find not much difficulty, beyond the necessity of "footing it" in getting through, but the ways are rather too peculiar for female travelers, and the advice of experience is that they wait a day or two for the cars.—

SLIDES AND FLOODS EAST OF THE MOUNTAINS. The Walla Walla nation are not the only people who have been favored with rainfalls and raging waters. A gentleman who arrived down last evening from Walla Walla informs us that on Friday and Saturday the heavens were opened at Walla Walla, and the rains descended in a manner almost unprecedented. The streams all got high—Mill creek higher—until finally Mill creek took to ravaging on the outside of its banks. Stores began to move their goods out of buildings on Main street, and one building belonging to Col. Cox was carried away. On Sunday, however, the rain storm abated, and the streams where our informant left were running down.

FLOOD WOOD AGAIN.—On Monday there was not much flood wood running in the river, but [illegible] there came along another very *loud* run of old trees which looked as though they must have got their "start" very high up in the mountain gorges sometime about two or three thousand years before the Christian era. One huge stump came to anchor in the middle of the stream just opposite the East Portland ferry landing, and looks now as though it had located to stay. The ferry pilots, both above and below, find it necessary occasionally to strategy to make their shore landings.

MARCH RAIN FALL.—From the 1st to the 13th inst., inclusive of both days, the total rain fall was 4.67 inches. The greatest fall during any twenty-four hours was on the 11th, equal to one inch and eight tenths. On Sunday, the 12th, the fall was six inch and five-tenths. Thus far there have been but two days in this month without more or less rain fall. If March keeps on as it has been going thus far, it will get the "bad distinction" of being the wettest month in the past ten years. Forty days and forty nights of rain would create a demand for Noah's ark.

BOARD OF TRADE—ANOTHER EXILE.—The meeting of the Board of Trade last evening resulted in another failure. There was no quorum present. W. S. Ladd, President; Col. Drake, [illegible] and Messrs. Stinson, Russell, Cartter [illegible] and Jesse were the only members present. Not being enough for a quorum, they adjourned.

SALEM LANDS.—There are just now some extensive tracts both above and below the city, and in front of East Portland, which are subject to entry under the late swamp land act. We suppose, of course, we need not have mentioned it, as [illegible] land agents are about generally when anything [illegible] going on.

[illegible]—SERVICES. There will be religious services [illegible] morning at the Unitarian Church, corner of Taylor and Seventh streets, at 7½ o'clock. Lecture by Rev. Mr. Kimball upon the "Dignity of things earthly." The public are cordially invited.

CITY BONDS.—The bonds of the city, provision for which was made recently by ordinance, are being [illegible] by Mr. George H. Himes, who is acting as [illegible] for the job.

[illegible] ARMY. This company will have a [illegible] at its armory at 7 o'clock this evening, and the [illegible] are all requested to be present.

THE MAIL TO-DAY.—The [illegible] George S. Wright for Victoria and Puget Sound will sail to-day, at 4 P. M.

POSTPONED.—The sailing of the steamer Oriflamme has been postponed till 4 o'clock, Thursday.

THE COURTS.

TUESDAY, March 14, 1871.

U. S. DISTRICT COURT—DEADY, JUDGE.—The grand jury came in and presented a bill of indictment against William Wallace for doing business as a retail liquor dealer without paying special tax. B. F. [illegible] and W. D. Pittenger, grand jurymen, were [illegible] for the term.

[illegible] vs. Fowle & Turner—ordered that [illegible] take the deposition of Turner, who is in the county jail under the sentence of court.

[illegible] Chester vs. George B. Howard—defendant arraigned and pleaded not guilty; cause set for trial on Wednesday next at 10 A. M.

[illegible] vs. J. G. Holbert—arraigned and pleaded not guilty; cause set for trial on Thursday next at 10 A. M.

[illegible] continued till to-morrow.

CIRCUIT COURT—UPTON, JUDGE.—This Court stands adjourned till next Saturday, the 18th inst. A considerable number of cases [illegible] have been recently submitted and taken under advisement, and the [illegible] is taken to enable the Court to prepare decisions.

COUNTY COURT—HAMILTON, JUDGE.—*Probate Business.*—In the matter of the estate of John [illegible] deceased; proof of execution of the will was made, and Appallonia Phillippi, executrix, and Thomas Moffett, executor, named in the will, were appointed. Bonds fixed at $4,000.

Law Matters.—In the matter of the suit of Cornett & Maclay vs J. A. Blanchard; demurrer was overruled, and judgment against defendant was taken for want of answer for $320 70.

Session—County Business.—Present, Messrs. Burton and Kenworthy, Commissioners, sitting with the Judge.

The Captains of the 1st Oregon Infantry and Co. "C," 1st battalion Oregon State Militia, presented petitions asking for appropriations for armories; taken under advisement.

Warrants were issued in favor of several persons for services and witness fees.

The Court appointed a committee to confer with the city authorities, and see what can be done relative to an arrangement for the working of convicts.

Adjourned until Friday next at half past ten o'clock A. M.

AMUSEMENTS.

THE FINE THEATER.—In our notice of the drama of Don Cesar de Bazan, yesterday morning, a typographical error made us say exactly the opposite of what we wrote of Miss Annie Pixley's personation of Maritana. We certainly did not say of it that she was "too impassioned." We wrote "too unimpassioned." The play was presented again last evening, and we will give the young lady credit for an improvement in [illegible] places where we before thought her wanting. Mr. Bates was better even than before in the entertaining character of Don Cesar. Mr. [illegible] was a deeper villain than ever. Miss Pixley was as ludicrous as the original Maritana de Rotunda herself. Miss Ingles' personation of the King was much better than upon the preceding evening. The piece went off smoothly and admirably. To-night the legitimate company will present the sterling new comedy of "Used Up," beside which there will be a [illegible] olio, in which the Pixley Sisters will appear in song and dance, and the champion clog dancers, Cooper and Coghill of the Nickerson [illegible] troupe, will dance the double clog and other [illegible]. The bill is a first rate one.

GEOLOGY OF EASTERN OREGON.

LECTURE BY REV. THOS. CONDON, OF THE DALLES, AT PHILHARMONIC HALL.

Rev. Mr. Condon delivered at Philharmonic Hall, last evening, the first lecture of two, heretofore announced. The hall was quite well filled by ladies and gentlemen, among our best educated and most intelligent citizens. The character of the audience itself, to say nothing of the numbers, was a most flattering compliment to the lecturer, and would be to any lecturer or divine who has appeared before a Portland audience.

In the opening of his subject, Mr. Condon referred to the fact that the science of geology is by many people termed conjectural. Taking up a fossil shell, he said that it was not conjectural to his mind that it was the cast of a sea shell. It would do violence to his intelligence and judgment to say that there is anything conjectural about it. Taking up a fossil bone, he said that to his judgment there could be no conjecture that it once belonged to a living animal; so of a fossil tooth, etc. There could be no conjecture about it in an eightened judgment. The shell, for instance, retains the positive proof of its own original structure. Here are the shape and portions of the original composition. Here is the sand and mud in which it lay, as palpable to observation as when the deposit was made. There could be no mistake but that, what we here see as stone was once a shell, sand and mud. It would be violence to reason to term this conjectural. Not only were these things facts, but their relations to the past and present are equally not conjectural. But of the tendency of their teachings, he said it was to unsettle revered opinions. But in the investigations of truth, he feared nothing. The bills from which these evidences were taken, were made by the same God who made the hills of Judea, and the evidences are as authoritative. The Church had nothing to fear from the uncovering of truth. If we take a column buried from ancient ages, we can only see and realize its ancient beauty by removing the incrustations which ages have added to it. The Church, like the column, has its beauty and consistency marred by the incrustations of human error. If we remove that which is merely human we shall more clearly discern the beauty of that which is Divine—and in this process we have nothing to fear from anything which is true.

Proceeding to the subject of geology, he said the classification of facts are based upon the likeness or unlikeness of the forms of life of the past with those of the present. He referred here to a diagram—an ideal section of the western part of our continent, ranging from the ocean to the Blue mountains, the lines of which were drawn so as to separate the deposits of the several periods—the Azoic, Palmozoic, etc. The Azoic period was the period of the earliest animal life; the next, the middle or secondary period of animal life, etc. This order is never reversed. The periods are defined everywhere by the same evidences. In all quarters of the globe the facts are uniform. And this again disproves the charge of conjecture. Nowhere does the Palmozoic period contain the remains of air breathing animals; and the reason of it was that the coal period which followed the Azoic, absorbed what was before a carbonic acid gas in the atmosphere. And so on through the following period, the facts are uniform wherever the evidences of any given period are found. The materials, the remains and evidences of each period are as distinct as are the iron, the stone, the brick, and other materials of your buildings.

Referring to the evidences furnished in our own field of observation, the lecturer referred to the diagram. On approaching our coast we see first a mountain [illegible]—the Coast range. Back of this, one hundred or one hundred and fifty miles, and parallel with it we find a second barrier—the Cascade range. Still further east, another barrier—the Rocky mountains. Lying in directions oblique to these parallel ranges, the Blue mountains—another barrier. Out of the consideration of these barriers arises the question, whether these ranges were originally created as we now find them, or have they been upheaved. Their structure points to the latter conclusion. Under each range the strata of rocks have an upward bend, and in places the strata are broken as in violent flexure, the fissures being widest in the upper. Their constituents answer in the same direction. There is no particle but was brought there by fire or flood from some other land, or from the molten interior. He exhibited here a specimen of stone from the Cascades, which was originally formed of sand, with a fair impression of a leaf; another from the Waldo hills, showing sand and marine deposits. The sand, he said, was unquestionably washed there and it had become stone. These were taken from positions which most effectually disprove the theory that the mountains were made as they now exist. It did not present itself to his judgment as near so conjectural that the deposit of sand and leaf had been made somewhere else and moved to where it was found, as that God should have made it there originally. The evidences are all unanimous that the mountains did not exist in the original economy of the world.

This mountain frame-work which he had exhibited is but part of the system of the whole world. Similar ranges exist parallel with every coast. In South America we find them; and so in Africa, Asia and Europe. In North America we find the Alleghany range part of the system of the east, and the range before mentioned on the western coast. In referring again to the statement that these mountains were not originally created where now found, he said that all the highest mountains themselves attest that they were formed during a secondary period. This is proven by the fact of deposits of that period. About the same time there was a general deepening of the sea. This is proved by the fact that in all the deposits of that period, coral and shells are not far down, showing that up to that time the sea was shallow. At the upheaval of the mountain ranges there was a corresponding depression at the bottom of the sea. To illustrate how the one was connected with the other, he stated the old fact that the surface of the earth is everywhere convex, and that any given section of it is an arc. This arc could not settle or be depressed without a moving of the material at the bases of the arc. When the ocean beds settled, the bases of the arc were nearer the shore. These bases gave way from being more pliable than elsewhere, and arose in ridges as the result of lateral pressure. Hence mountain ranges parallel with the coast and with each other. The highest mountains are always opposite the widest parts of the ocean. This fact is observable everywhere. In explaining why the ocean beds should settle, rather than the land, he said that the water with which it was covered was a non radiant of heat, and the result was that heat accumulated under the water and so softened the crust. The general progressive cooling of the earth produced shrinking and a tendency to curl or wrinkle in the crust. The softened parts would settle down first. It would follow that the pressure of the settling arc would react against the basis—the shore—and an upheaval or folding would occur there. The highest upfolding would be against the widest subsidence of ocean bed, and it would be parallel to the shore line. This theory of the sinking of sea beds affords the only rational explanation of the existence of deep sea coral islands, as it is known by all modern naturalists that the coral insect works only in shallow water. His island was built when the sea was shallow. When the bottom settled he built again or his island remains in the deep sea tenantless.

At the first subsidence of the ocean bottom, the Rocky mountains were the result of the upfolding of the earth's crust. It was near the shore line, but a strip of the original sea bed was left inland, as is shown by the marine deposits east of the range, and by the same evidence it is determined that it occurred in the cretacious period. A long interval of quiet ensued, and then there was another subsidence of ocean bed and a new upfolding of the earth's crust along the shore line—thus the foundation of the Cascade range was formed. A subsequent similar subsidence created the Coast range. At each succeeding subsidence the old folds may be supposed to have been lifted still higher, and every subsidence would also drain off more land, and thus old sea benches would be left.

The first upfolding left an isolated inland body of water. This, of course, was at first salt like the ocean, but afterward by natural drainage, the waters became merely brackish and finally fresh. The second upheaval isolated a body of water which, being drawn off, left the great basin between the Cascade range and its continuations and the Rocky mountain range. The waters of this inland sea went through the same changes and through similar agencies. The third upfolding produced the Wallamet and corresponding valleys north and south. The waters of this last inland sea remained salt in consequence of connection with the ocean by the Columbia river, Puget Sound, San Francisco Bay, etc. Leaving out of the question for the present all but the interior basin, the lecturer proceeded to show that the inland sea from the first was divided by a great island, now the Blue mountains. Its southern portion was drained off, as it became more elevated, by the Colorado river and its tributaries. The northern portion was drained by the Columbia. The middle portion dried up by evaporation, till Salt Lake is the only remaining part of it. The earlier shoaling and subdividing left the larger surfaces. The sediment of each section marks its age. The earliest deposits of the tertiary period. The middle, sediments of the miocene age, and the latter, sediment of the pliocene. Meantime the mountains continued to receive their additions. Volcanic changes took place, and layer after layer of lava was deposited above the sedimentary deposits. There were also showers of volcanic ashes and cinders. Most of these latter deposits are eastward of the ranges whence they were ejected, blown thither, probably, by prevailing winds. The lava flows were, however, westward. These are found everywhere near the bases of the ranges in the form of basaltic and other kindred volcanic rocks. In the fissures of the up-folded strata are found the mineral rock, injected or formed at later periods. [Here we lost some of the speaker's remarks, and regret that we cannot state his views as to the origin of the gold fields.—REP.] Alluding to the Indian tradition of a natural bridge across the Columbia at the Cascades, he said that such a bridge might have existed; but according to the unmistakable geological evidences it must have existed, if at all, prior to the traditional or the historic period.

Mr. Condon concluded by saying that what he had laid down this evening was only a sort of frame work, and that at his next lecture he would fill up by treating more particularly of the deposits to be found between and among the rocks.

THE OREGON MUSICAL INSTITUTE.

EXAMINATION OF PUPILS—FORMATION OF CLASSES.

The first division of the juvenile class in vocal music, of the Oregon Musical Institute, passed the first examination yesterday afternoon at Philharmonic Hall at 4 o'clock. Each pupil was examined separately, and the friends of the Institute may know that the examination was faithful, when they learn that it took three hours for the Brothers to go through with their duties.

The list below are those pupils who are entitled to enter the first division, having passed a full examination in the first rudiments of vocal music, and are entitled to wear the blue ribbon.

The second division will meet at 2½ o'clock, on Saturday, and those passing the examination will be entitled to the red ribbon. The whole school will meet at 4 o'clock, for general exercises. The third and fourth divisions, now forming, are nearly full, and parents wishing their children to attend these classes will please make arrangements for them to do so as soon as possible.

Pupils having passed the first examination for vocal music, of the Oregon Musical Institute, and entitled to the blue ribbon, are as follows: Edwin Hendee, Samuel Hendee, Felix Kahn, Samuel Jacoby, George Hoyt, George Holman, Willie Connell, Henry McGill, Eddie O'Dea, Edward Richards, Mary Connell, Jennie Caples, Metta Caples, Alice Jacoby, Jennie Jones, Esther Holden, Martha Church, Jennie Ladd, Lillie Miller, Clara Newell, Frankie Arnold, Kate Holman, Lillie Arnold, Emma Southerland, Mary McBurnie, Annie Wall, Mary De Lin, Emma Stewart, Martha Tucker, Rosa Arnold, Unity Brannon, Katie Fliedner, Alice Potter, Maggie Mahon, Annie Cushing, Maggie Pryor, Augusta Sherland, Maggie Burns, Allie Middleton.

REAL ESTATE TRANSACTIONS.

TUESDAY, March 14, 1871.

C. H. Mansdorfier and wife to Weeks & Morgan; lots 1 and 2, block 328, Ruth A. Semple's Addition; warranty deed, Feb. 13, 1871; consideration, $1,600.

E. L. Quimby and wife to M. O'Malay, in consideration of $2,500; 30 acres of land in Multnomah county; warranty deed, Feb. 27, 1871.

M. O'Malay and wife to E. L. Quimby, in consideration of $6,000; lots 5, 6, 7 and 8, block 142, Stephens' Land Claim, East Portland; warranty deed, Feb. 27, 1871.

Noah Chapman and wife to Lydia Rodney, in consideration of $750; lots 5 and 6, block 114, East Portland; warranty deed, Feb. 9, 1871.

Hilory Cason and wife to Mary R. Rodney, in consideration of $825; lot 4, block 116, East Portland; warranty deed, Feb. 9, 1871.

M. Peterson and H. Gwynne, et ux., to F. S. Tilcston, in consideration of $700; lots 7 and 8, block 322, Gillihan's Addition; warranty deed, Feb. 11, 1871.

AN INDIAN DANCE HOUSE INDICTED.—One of the parties indicted by the United States grand jury, is the proprietor of an Indian dance house in the northern suburbs of the city. Through this house, the Indians procure intoxicating liquors, and the drunken revelries that sometimes take place there, would afford ample material for a sensational "interviewer," for a column or two. It may be that this prosecution will result in at least a temporary suspension of the "hell." The place has been a most unmitigated nuisance for a long time.

Attention, Emmet Guard!—You will meet at your Armory this evening at 7 o'clock sharp. Every member of the Company is requested to be present.

By order of the CAPTAIN.

WILLIAM DAVIDSON,

REAL ESTATE DEALER.

Office, No. 64 Front Street,

PORTLAND, OREGON.

REAL ESTATE in this CITY and EAST PORTLAND, in the most desirable localities, consisting of LOTS, HALF BLOCKS and BLOCKS, HOUSES and STORES; also,

IMPROVED FARMS, and valuable uncultivated LANDS, located in ALL parts of the STATE for SALE.

REAL ESTATE and other Property purchased for Correspondents, in this CITY and throughout the STATES and TERRITORIES, with great care and on the most ADVANTAGEOUS TERMS.

HOUSES and STORES LEASED, LOANS NEGOTIATED and CLAIMS OF ALL DESCRIPTIONS PROMPTLY COLLECTED. And a General FINANCIAL and AGENCY BUSINESS transacted.

AGENTS of this OFFICE in all the CITIES and TOWNS in the STATE, will receive descriptions of FARM PROPERTY and forward the same to the above address. fe3dawtf

Exuberant Health

Is a blessing vouchsafed to few. Even those who have been favored by nature with strong constitutions and vigorous frames are apt to neglect the precaution necessary to preserve these precious endowments. Indeed, as a rule, the more healthy a man is, the more liberties he is inclined to take with his own physique. It is some consolation to the naturally weak and feeble to know that they can be so invigorated and built up by a proper use of the means which science has placed at their disposal, as to have a much better chance of long life and exemptions from disease and pain, than the most athletic of their fellows who are foolish enough to suppose themselves invulnerable and act accordingly.

It is not too much to say that more than half the people of the civilized world need an occasional tonic, to enable them to support the strain upon their bodies and minds, which the fast life of this restless age occasions. In fact, a pure, wholesome, unexciting tonic is the grand desideratum of the busy millions, and they have the article in Hostetter's Stomach Bitters. It is a staminal medicine, i. e. it imparts permanent strength to weak systems and invigorates delicate constitutions. Its reputation and its sales have steadily increased. Competitive preparations have been introduced *ad libitum*, and, as far as the public is concerned, *ad nauseam*, in the hope of rivaling it; but they have all either perished in the attempt, or been left in the rear. It has been the great medical success of the present century, and it is quite certain that no proprietary medicine in this country is so widely known or so generally used.

Ten lightning presses, running incessantly (Sunday excepted) the whole year through, barely supply the demand for the Illustrated Almanac, in which the nature and uses of the preparation are set forth, the circulation now being over eight millions a year.

A HOUSEHOLD BLESSING.

One that no family should be without. Very warming, very penetrating, very strengthening, very effective. A never-failing remedy for Rheumatism, Gout, Neuralgia, Paralysis, Pleurisy, Sore Throat, Colic, Cramps, Cholera Morbus, Swellings, Stiff Joints, Sprains, Bruises, Headache, Toothache, Earache, Pain in the Breast, Lame Back and all Lameness and Pain. Sold by Pratt's Anodyne Oil. Price, large, $1 00; small, 50 cents. For sale by all druggists. Ask for PRATT'S ANODYNE OIL, and take no substitute.

PRATT'S NEW LIFE

The famous Vegetable Blood Purifier and Liver Invigorator, thoroughly purifies the Blood, speedily cures Scrofula, Skin Diseases, Heals old sores and ulcers and eradicates from the system all humors and disorders arising from impure blood. It stimulates the Liver and Kidneys, strengthens the whole system, operates mildly on the bowels, allaying all internal inflammation, and is the best Purifying, Regulating and Invigorating Remedy in the world. Price, $1 00. For sale by all druggists.

A. McBOYLE & CO., Proprietors,
Druggists, San Francisco.
fe18d3m

For Sale.

FOR SALE.

THE STEAM PROPELLER "WASP," OF 45ddt Nineteen Tons burthen, fast, strong and in good order. Will be sold cheap if application is made soon.

Also, one double Engine of about 10 horse Power. Apply at the boat to JOHN BOWMAN, fe21dtf or Portland P. O.

FOR SALE OR RENT.

FOUR SPLENDID PIGEON-HOLE TABLES; SEVERAL Second-Hand Billiard Tables with new beds and Latest Improved Patent Cushions; Billiard Cloth, Balls, &c., &c.

All kinds of Furniture Repaired, Varnished and Re-Polished on the most reasonable terms.

142 Front street.
ja31dl2awTuawtf CH. LOUIS KUHN.

To Let.

For Rent.

ON 1ST APRIL, 1871, TWO SUITES OF ROOMS in "Central Block," now occupied by U. S. Pay Department; also, Brick Store, now occupied by Commissary Department. Apply to

A. P. ANKENY,
mr13dtf Or, P. O. Box 93.

Rooms to Rent to Gentlemen.

THE FURNITURE AND BEDDING ALL NEW; Rooms Hard Finished, Dry and well Ventilated. S. E. corner Washington and Fifth Sts. mr3dtf

Furnished Room with Board.

A WELL FURNISHED COMMODIOUS ROOM, suitable for a small family, or two gentlemen, with use of Parlor, and with first class Board and attendance can be obtained at the "WHITE HOUSE," North Third Street, between B and C. Also, room at Table for three or four more boarders.

MRS. E. C. HOLDEN.
mr6dlm

THE NEW CITY HALL,

40x65 feet,

Main Street, Walla Walla,

IS NOW READY FOR

THEATERS, BALLS, &c.

Parties wishing to engage can do so by applying to
fe10d3m JOHN DOVELL.

Wants.

Wanted

A GIRL TO DO CHAMBER WORK AND TAKE care of the children. None but a competent person need apply to J. McCRAKEN,
mr14dtf North Seventh street, between D and E.

Wanted.

A SITUATION IN A FIRST CLASS SAW MILL, by one who can give good reference as a capable and thorough Sawyer. Apply to

ESTES & STIMSON'S OFFICE,
mr10dtf Portland, Oregon.

ESTABLISHED.....1851.

E. J. NORTHRUP.

Importer and Dealer in

SHELF & HEAVY HARDWARE,

Iron and Steel,

HUBS, SPOKES, FELLOES,

AND

HARDWOOD LUMBER,

BURDAGE, TAR, PITCH, OAKUM AND BARS.

AGENT FOR

A. S. HALLIDIE & CO.,
WIRE ROPE MANUFACTURERS,
San Francisco, Cal.

Corner Front and Yamhill Sts.,

f22 PORTLAND, OREGON. dtf

Dissolution of Copartnership.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT THE COPARTnership heretofore existing between E. J. Northrup and J. C. Van Rensselaer, under the firm name of E. J. Northrup & Co., is hereby dissolved by mutual consent. E. J. Northrup will collect and receipt for all debts due E. J. Northrup & Co.; and assume the liabilities of said firm. E. J. NORTHRUP,
J. C. VAN RENSSELAER.

Portland, Oregon, Feb'y 15, 1871.

N. B.—In consequence of the above dissolution it is highly necessary that all persons indebted to the late firm of E. J. Northrup & Co. should settle immediately, either by cash or note, and all persons having claims against the said firm are requested to present them for payment to the undersigned, who will continue the business at the old stand, including the sale of Iron and Steel, which business I have resumed, having purchased the Stock and Business of S. L. Fallows & Co.

fe22d1m E. J. NORTHRUP.

CORBETT, FAILING & CO.,

SUCCESSORS TO

HENRY FAILING AND H. W. CORBETT & CO.,

IMPORTERS OF AND WHOLESALE DEALERS IN

HARDWARE,

CUTLERY,

MECHANICS' TOOLS,

IRON and STEEL,

ROPE, ETC., ETC.

Agents for the Sale of

DUPONT'S GUNPOWDER.

Nos. 53 & 55 Front St.,

PORTLAND, OREGON.

Portland, January 2, 1871. ja2d1f

DEAN & BROTHER,

LAND AGENTS,

No. 92 Front Street,

fe3 PORTLAND, OREGON. dtf

REAL ESTATE EXCHANGE.

PORTLAND, OREGON.

GEO. L. CURRY,

DEALER IN

REAL ESTATE

AND OTHER INVESTMENTS.

OFFICE—NO. 4 CORBETT'S BUILDING.

IMPROVED AND UNIMPROVED CITY LOTS. LOTS in East Portland, and in Stephens' Addition to East Portland.

In Yamhill county, a tract of 3,000 acres—all plow-land—within daily communication by steamboat with Portland.

Marion county—A farm of 862 acres, within three miles of Butteville, with growing crop, fine improvements, well stocked.

Boone's Ferry and Farm, on the Willamette, within 17 miles of Portland.

Steam Saw Mill with Double Circular Saws, Planing and Grooving Machine. Cuts 10,000 feet per day.

Valuable Timbered Lands, unimproved lands and desirable Farms in various parts of the State. mr1dlf

REMOVED

From Front to First St., between Salmon and Main.

H. SINSHEIMER,

AGENT FOR THE SALE of the Celebrated JENNY & SON PIANO, which are pronounced by the National Pianoforte Association, after a thorough trial in their Rooms with the first manufacturers of this country the

BEST PIANO IN AMERICA!

Also, Agent for MASON & HAMLIN'S ORGANS. Keep constantly on hand all kinds of MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS, Violin and Guitar Strings, which I import direct from Europe and will sell to the Trade at less than San Francisco prices.

Pianos Tuned, Repaired and Rented. d22d1f4p

REAL ESTATE EXCHANGE.

PORTLAND, OREGON.

GEO. L. CURRY,

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AND OTHER INVESTMENTS.

OFFICE—NO. 4 CORBETT'S BUILDING.

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Marion county—A farm of 862 acres, within three miles of Butteville, with growing crop, fine improvements, well stocked.

Boone's Ferry and Farm, on the Willamette, within 17 miles of Portland.

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Valuable Timbered Lands, unimproved lands and desirable Farms in various parts of the State. mr1dlf

Boots & Shoes.

NEW STORE,

NEW GOODS.

PACIFIC

BOOT AND SHOE STORE,

Corner First and Morrison Sts.,

HAVING OPENED OUR NEW STOCK OF

BOOTS,

SHOES,

GAITERS,

ETC., ETC.,

We are now prepared to furnish our customers with

THE BEST QUALITY OF GOODS

Of our own and Eastern Manufacture, at

VERY LOW PRICES.

CALL AND EXAMINE OUR STOCK

OF

BOOTS AND SHOES

OF ALL KINDS AND STYLES.

We Always Have the Latest & Most Fashionable Styles on Hand.

PROTZMAN, GILLIHAN & CO.,

CORNER FIRST AND MORRISON STS.

fe7 PORTLAND, OREGON. dtf

FRESH ARRIVALS.

FLOWER SEEDS,

THE LARGEST ASSORTMENT EVER OFFERED in the city of Portland Just Received Overland from Thorburn's Celebrated Gardens in New York City

SWISS CHEESE,

Direct from Auld Switzerland.

Beet Sugar,

A FINE ARTICLE—Direct from the Refinery in San San Francisco.

MACKINAW TROUT,

Direct from Mackinaw, Michigan.

Pickled Herring,

Direct from Holland.

Norway Oats.

Lately imported from Norway, yielding one hundred bushels from thirty pounds of seed sown.

Those are some of the new things just received.

Orders from abroad accompanied by cash or good reference solicited

Goods carefully packed and put aboard of vessels Free of Charge.

OATMAN & HACHENEY'S

Dealers in Oregon & California Produce, Tropical Fruits, Garden and Flower Seeds, Choice Wines and Liquors for Family use, and Groceries of Every Description. fe24 dtf

AT

SNOW & ROOS'

NEW ART GALLERY

181 FIRST ST.,

CAN BE FOUND THE LARGEST AND FINEST Stock of

CHROMOS, ENGRAVINGS,

PICTURE FRAMES & MOULDINGS

Ever brought to the State of Oregon, all of which are offered at WHOLESALE PRICES.

N. B.—We guarantee to FRAME PICTURES in the VERY BEST STYLE of the art and at

LESS COST

Than any other establishment in Oregon. fe7dtf

HAIR RESTORATIVE.

BALDNESS CURED

AS HAIR RESTORATIVE THERE ARE NONE that will cure Baldness as well as the one invented by J. LOBEE, of this city. It is

Composed Entirely of Harmless Roots,

And is very efficacious in restoring the Hair—in some instances in less than six weeks.

For further information and for the article apply to

J. TOPPER,

No. 16 Morrison St., south side, between Front and First Sts.

This preparation has been used already by a good many people of this city and vicinity, and has proved satisfactory in reproducing the hair where it had been falling off. This Restorer does not change gray hair but restores hair to its natural head.

It can be procured at the Barber shop of
GEO. FLEDNER,
fe28d1m under the St. Charles Hotel.

RAILROAD ERA!!

Carriage Making and Blacksmithing.

L. M. BYAR. S. G. BUNTING.

BYAR & BUNTING

HAVE OPENED A

CARRIAGE & BLACKSMITH SHOP

On Second St., bet. Stark and Oak,

Opp. Eaton's Livery Stable,

AND ARE NOW PREPARED TO MAKE VEHICLES of any kind from a Coach to a Wagon.

HORSE SHOEING and General Jobbing done promptly. Both members of the firm having had many years experience in both branches of the business in this city and are well acquainted with the wants of trade in this line and feel competent to give good satisfaction. ja11d f

PORTLAND CANDY MANUFACTORY

ALISKY & HEGELE, Prop'rs.

Coffee & Oyster Saloon

FAMILIES SUPPLIED WITH OYSTERS AT

One Dollar per Hundred.

No 107 FIRST ST., opp. Postoffice.

fe2dtf

$1,000 per Week

CAN BE MADE ON THE QUIET, BY PARTIES who are up to snuff, without interfering with other business. Address confidentially,

THOMAS MORGAN & CO.,
ja24deod3m 592 Broadway, New York

Notice.

PORTLAND, March 10, 1871.

THE UNDERSIGNED WOULD RESPECTFULLY notify all persons not to harbor or trust my wife, Rhida Bothwell, as I will pay no debts contracted by her. mr11dlf JAMES BOTHWELL.

Hawley Dodd & Co
Portland, Oregon
offer for sale at the lowest market price
Hardware, Iron, Steel
and Agricultural Implements.
Exclusive sale for Oregon for
Buckeye (genuine) Mower & Reaper.
beware of base ones Buckeyes offered
for sale by other parties the genuine can
only be purchased in Portland of Hawley Dodd & Co

Haines Headers
improved for coming harvest.

Sweepstakes Threshers
with new improvements the best machine in the
Market & greatly improved Down Pitts or Separate

SOLE AGENTS FOR THE GENUINE MOLINE PLOW

BUCKEYE DRILLS

THE MITCHELL WAGON.

Farm Yards.
exclusive sale for the Mitchell Wagon with
patent Round & Reach something new
no other wagon has them we warrant
them the best wagon for sale in this State
Send for descriptive Circulars.

WILLAMET

IRON WORKS CO.,

Corner of North Front and E streets, between Couch's Wharf and the Railroad Ferry Landing, Portland, Oregon.

MANUFACTURE

STEAM ENGINES AND BOILERS,

SAW AND GRIST MILLS,

QUARTZ MILLS AND MINING MACHINERY,

CASTINGS FOR AGRICULTURAL MACHINERY,

TURBINE WATER WHEELS,

BUILDING FRONTS,

Iron and Brass Castings of all Descriptions.

The Largest and Best Assortment of PATTERNS North of San Francisco.

No charges made for the use of them.

Address WILLAMET IRON WORKS CO., Portland Oregon.

PROPOSALS.

Notice.

THE GREAT

BLOOD PURIFIER.

An Infallible BLOOD PURIFIER, possessing rare TONIC and NERVINE properties a certain cure for RHEUMATISM, GOUT, NEURALGIA, and all kindred Diseases.

It completely restores the system when impaired by disease, revives the action of the KIDNEYS and GENITAL ORGANS, radically cures SCROFULA, SALT RHEUM, and all ERUPTIVE and CUTANEOUS Diseases, gives immediate and permanent relief in DYSPEPSIA, ERYSIPELAS, Tumors, Boils, Scald Head, Ulcers and Sores; eradicates from the system all traces of Mercurial Disease.

It is PURELY VEGETABLE, being made from an herb found indigenous in California. It is therefore peculiarly suitable for use by Females and Children, as a BLOOD PURIFIER and RENOVATOR.

For Sale by all Druggists,

REDINGTON, NOSTETTER & CO.
AGENTS.
529 and 531 Market Street,
San Francisco.

TO PHYSICIANS AND SURGEONS.

HAVING BEEN APPOINTED AGENT FOR THE sale of Surgical Instruments and Appliances from the celebrated factory of

A. L. HERNSTEIN, New York,

I am prepared to fill orders at MANUFACTURERS' PRICES, and would call especial attention to the superior quality of these Inst

DECISION IN U. S. DISTRICT COURT BY JUDGE DEADY.

An indictment which charges a defendant with carrying on the business of a retail liquor dealer without the payment of a special tax at a certain place, continuously between certain dates, is sufficient without stating the means or circumstances by which he became such retail dealer.

All persons who deal in tobacco are not liable to pay a special tax, and therefore an indictment which charges that a person was a dealer in tobacco without paying the special tax is not sufficient, but the indictment should also show that he was such a dealer as is required to pay such tax.

A person for the time being in the possession and control of a billiard table in a place or building open to the public is prima facie the proprietor of a billiard room and liable to pay the special tax therefor, even if the general property and ultimate control of the table or place or either of them be in some one else.

An allegation that a party carried on the business of keeping a billiard-table in a particular building, although unskillful pleading, is equivalent to an allegation that he kept a billiard room and was the proprietor thereof.

U. S. District Court for the District of Oregon, Monday, March 13, 1871.

The United States vs. G. B. Howard.—Two indictments for violation of the internal revenue law.

On March 9, 1871, the Grand Jury of this District found two indictments against the defendant. One of them contains one count and the other two, and they will be considered as one indictment with three counts. The first count charges that the defendant, at Portland, Oregon, on May 1, 1870, and continuously thenceforth to February 14, 1871, did exercise and carry on the business of a retail liquor dealer without having paid the special tax" therefor as required by law.

The second one charges that the defendant at the place and continuously between the dates aforesaid, "did exercise and carry on the business of a dealer in tobacco without having paid the special tax" therefor; and the third one charges that the defendant at the same place and continuously between the dates aforesaid "did exercise and carry on the business and occupation of keeping and running a billiard table, open to the public and for the use and accommodation of the public thereof, and in a building on Second street, without having paid the special tax" therefor.

The defendant demurs to the indictments because

I. Of a misnomer as to his Christian name therein.

II. The facts stated do not constitute an offence, and

III. The matters stated in the offensive are not stated therein.

Misnomer cannot be taken advantage of by demurrer for the reason that appears by the record to be the true name of the defendant. It need be stated in a plea in abatement, and at the same time state what his name is. This is the course of proceeding at common law. Under the Code the matter is simplified and no objection can be taken to an indictment on the ground that the defendant is not truly named therein. (Or, *Code* 455. If he is misnamed he must correct the mistake when called upon to plead. So far as appears the second and third causes of demurrer are substantially the same. The difference between is merely a verbal one.

In support of this cause of demurrer it is maintained by counsel for defendant, that it is not sufficient to allege that the accused was engaged in the business of a tobacco dealer or retail liquor dealer, but that the indictment should also state how or the means whereby he became such dealer. That a person is not required to pay all dealers in tobacco, and that therefore it is necessary to allege in the indictment not only that the defendant was a dealer in tobacco, but that he was such a dealer or a dealer under such circumstances as required the payment by him of a special tax. That it does not appear from the third count that the defendant was proprietor of a billiard room or that he even kept a billiard-room but only a table.

The provisions of the statutes bearing upon the question are substantially these. Sec. 73 of the act of June 30, 1864 (13 *Stat.* 248), under which the indictments are found provides that — "any person who shall exercise, or carry on any trade, business or profession, or do any act hereinafter mentioned for the exercising, carrying on or doing of which a special tax is provided by law without the payment of proof, as in that behalf required, shall for every such offence" * * * be subject to a fine or penalty of not less than ten nor more than five hundred dollars. And no such person shall be a manufacturer of tobacco, snuff or cigars or a wholesale or retail dealer in liquors, he shall be further liable to imprisonment for a term not less than sixty days and not exceeding two years."

By section 44 of the act of July 20, 1868 (15 *Stat.* 1848), the punishment for retailing liquor without payment of the special tax, was changed to a fine of not less than $500 and imprisonment of not less than six months nor more than two years. By section 59 of same act (*Ibid* 150) a special tax of $25 was imposed upon retail dealers in liquors and $100 upon wholesale dealers. This latter section also defines a retail liquor dealer to be one who sells or offers for sale spirits, wine or malt liquors of any kind and whose annual sales, including those of all other merchandise, does not exceed $1,200. By act of March 10, 1869 (16 *Stat.* 12) this definition was amended so as to make any one "who sells or offers for sale spirits, etc., "in less quantities than five gallons at the same time," a retail liquor dealer without regard to the amount of his annual sales.

Ordinarily, an indictment should not only contain a certain description of the crime of which the defendant is charged, but also of those necessary circumstances by which it is constituted so as to identify the transaction. But to this general rule there are some exceptions. In the case of larceny or being a common scold, or keeping a bawdy house, where the crime consists of a repetition of frequent acts it is sufficient to charge the defendant as a thief or as a common barrator, etc. (*Bac. Verb. Indict.* 4 *Bac.* 10, 511.)

Now, the first point in this indictment is that in the language of the [illegible] in the business of a retail liquor dealer at a certain place and between certain [illegible] circumstances which constitute him a retail liquor dealer between May 1, 1870, and February 14, 1871, may be matters implied in this description of the offence. One dealer may sell spirits, another wine, and another beer; the first may sell by the drink or by the second by the bottle, and the third by the gallon, but these are mere accidental differences, and in no wise affect the essential and legal character of the transaction. The material circumstance is the sale or offer to sell of either kind of liquor in any quantity less than five gallons at the same time. The identity of the act is sufficiently established by the circumstances of time and place. Indeed, it is probable that the distinction between wholesale and retail dealers is only made in the statute for the purpose of graduating the special tax according to the business of the dealer, and may need not be noticed in an indictment. However that may, there are no circumstances under which any one can sell or offer to sell spirits, wine or malt liquors, in less quantities than five gallons at once, without becoming a retail dealer in liquor, and liable to the payment of the special tax in that behalf provided. In this respect I think the indictment is sufficient.

The charge of being a dealer in tobacco, without payment of the special tax, as stated in the second count, is also a certain description of the crime known to the law, for as I read the statute upon the subject, it is not every one who deals in tobacco that is required to pay such special tax. For instance, a person whose annual sales of tobacco amount to only $100 or less, unless such person is also a "general retail dealer, liquor dealer, or keeper of a hotel, inn, tavern or boarding house;" nor one who deals in leaf tobacco of his own production or that of his tenant, received for rent; nor one who sells tobacco of his own manufacture is liable to a dealer's special tax.

"An indictment charging a man with a nuisance, in respect of a fact which is lawful in itself, as the erecting of an inn, etc., and only becomes unlawful from particular circumstances, is insufficient, unless it set forth some circumstances that make it unlawful." [4 Bac. Ab., 311.] So here, the indictment should state the particular circumstances necessary to make the defendant, being a dealer in tobacco, liable to pay the dealers tax. As it is, for all that appears he may or may not have been such a dealer, and therefore it is uncertain whether he committed a crime or not by the commission of the act charged. The demurrer to this count must be sustained.

The words of a statute need not be followed in describing an offence, but it is sufficient if an indictment contain terms or expressions of substantially equivalent import. It is also to be remembered that these acts are parts of a revenue system and that this provision is remedial in its nature—intended to aid in the collection of a tax—and therefore not to be strictly construed, but otherwise. In my judgment, any person who appears to be or for the time being is in the possession and control of a *place* or *building* where a billiard table is kept for public use is prima facie the proprietor of a billiard room and liable to pay this special tax; and this is so, although the general property and ultimate control of the place and table or either of them may be in some one else.

In this view of the matter I think the language of the indictment although unskillful, is sufficient. An allegation that the defendant "carried on the business and occupation of keeping and running a billiard *table*" in a particular *building*, is equivalent to an allegation that he carried on the business, etc., of keeping a billiard *room*, and that he was for the time being the proprietor thereof.

DEADY, J.

Cartwright for U. S.
Shattuck & Williams for defendant.

Rescue Lodge No. 15, I. O. O. F.—Meets every Friday evening, at 8 o'clock, in Odd Fellows Temple, corner First and Alder Streets. Members of the order are invited to attend. By order of N. G.

G. A. R.—Baker Post, No. 1.—Regular meetings on First and Third Saturday evenings of each month, at Nonpareil Hall, corner First and Madison sts. All comrades in good standing invited to attend. By order of POST COMMANDER.

Multnomah Tribe No. 3, I. O. R. M. holds regular Council every Tuesday evening at the Eighth Run, at Oregon Wigwam, in Parish's building, corner Washington and Front Streets. By order of THE SACHEM.

U. A. O. D.—Regular meetings of MorvinGrove, No. 2, on Thursday evening of each week, at 7½ o'clock, in Druid's Hall, Front street, near Stark. Members of Sister Groves and sojourning brethren are cordially invited to attend. W. H. UTTEL, N. A.
DANIEL RUSSE, R. S. mr9d1f

Harmony Lodge, No. 12, A. F. & A. M.—Regular Communications on the Second and Fourth Monday evenings of each month. By order of the W. M.
feb1d1f

Samaritan Lodge No. 3, I. O. O. F.—Meets every Wednesday evening at 7½ o'clock, in Odd Fellows Temple, corner First and Alder Streets. Members of the order are invited to attend. By order of N. G.

FINANCE AND COMMERCE.

PORTLAND, Tuesday, March 14, 1871.

Gold at New York, 111¾.

Currency quotations at this city, 95½ buying and 91c selling.

Exchange on San Francisco—coin, ½ of 1 per cent.; currency, ½ per cent.

Exchange on New York, 1½ per cent.; telegraph transfers, 1½ per cent.

U. S. 5-20 bonds quotable at 108½@111 for 1862 and 1867.

Rates of interest unchanged, at 10@12½@2 per cent.

Oregon Bounty and Relief bonds, 85@87½; State warrants, 97c@par.

Hoqkets.

[BY TELEGRAPH.]

SAN FRANCISCO, March 14.—Flour—Unchanged; cargo per *Live Yankee* turned out badly.

Wheat—Market firm at $2 20@2 40½.

Barley—$2 37½.

Oats—$1 60@1 70.

Hay—$15 per ton for choice.

Potatoes—Small lots sold at 1¢; market moderately firm at $1 80@2, with light inquiry.

Shipping Intelligence.

[BY TELEGRAPH.]

SAN FRANCISCO, March 14.—Arrived—Schr *General Harney*, Cook, 1 day, Bark *Forest Home*, Ludlow; bark Camden, Bellingham Bay; steamer *Idaho*, Portland. No clearances.

Domestic Produce Jobbing Prices.

FLOUR—Standard brands, extra, ₱ bbl, $6 50; superfine, $5@5 50; fine, $4 75; good country brands $4.

GRAIN—WHEAT—Good shipping, with sks, $1 25 ₱ bushel; OATS—$1 75 ₱ 100 lbs. BARLEY—$1 60@1 75 ₱ 100 lbs.

FEED—Bran, $20 00 ₱ ton; Middlings $27 50 ₱ ton; Shorts, $22 50 ₱ ton.

HAY—From wagon, $16 00@18 00 ₱ ton; bel—, ₱ ton, $18 00.

POTATOES—Oregon, ₱ bushel 60@65¢.

ONIONS—Oregon, ₱ bushel $1 00@1 25. California, per 100 lbs., $3 00.

PROVISIONS—Bacon—Sides, 14 cents; hams, 15c; Shoulders, 9@10c. Butter—Solid, 35 cts., brine 40c. Lard—White Pet, 3½@3¾; Red 3½c; Pink, 3½c; Small White, 3½c; Bayon, 4c; Butter, 4c. Lard—Oregon, 10 lb cans, 12½@14c; in bulk, 12½ cts. Mess Beef—½ bbl, $18 00. Mess Pork—½ bbl, $22 50. Cheese—Oregon, 14@18c; California, 15@16c; Eastern, 20c. Eggs 18@19c ₱ doz. Hominy—½ bbl, $4 50.

Domestic Produce—Buying Prices.

GRAIN—WHEAT—Good white, ₱ box $1 10@1 15; Red $1 10.

OATS—₱ bushel, white 50@53½.

POTATOES—₱ bushel, 70@75c.

WOOL AND FURS—Wool—₱ lb, 22c. Furs—Fisher, $1 50@—00; Fox, cross, $1 00@3 00; do red, 75c @1 00; Martin, pine, dark, $2 50@5 00; do pale, $1 00 @2 50; Mink, dark northern, 25c@$1 25; pale, 25@$1; Muskrat, Otter, prime, dark, $1 75@2 50; Sea Otter, $ 00@40 00; Coon, 12½c; Wolf, black, $1 50@2 00; do grey, 50@$1 00; Wild Cat, 25c; Skunk, 12½c; Fur Seal, $1 50@2 50; Beaver, dark, ₱ lb, 7½@80c; Bear, black, $2 00@5 00; do brown, $2 00@2 50; Cat, 25c.

Wholesale and Jobbing Markets.

AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENTS—Seasonable Goods —Gang Plows—Mason, $100; Pilot, $75; Eureka, $75; Skinner's, $80 to $90; Sattley, $80 to $85 and $90; Gay's Sattley, $85. Seed Drills—Buckeye, 4 hoe, $120; 10 hoe ditto $150. Harrows, $25. Cultivators—$12 to $16. Walking Plows—Peoria, $14, $16, $17, $18; Moline, $14 00 to $17; Boston Clipper, $13, $14, to $19; Cast Steel, $20, firm. Feed Mills—$40 to $47 50. Cider Mills—Hutchinson, $27 50; Buckeye, two kinds, from $32 50 to $90.

BROOMS—Baker's, Oregon, No. 1, $5 50 ₱ doz.; No. 2, $4 50 ₱ doz.; No. 3, $3 50; Carlton's make, Palmer & Gillespie's, No. 1, $5 50; No. 2, $4 50; No. 3, $3 50. Other makes—No. 1, $5 00; No. 2, $4 50; No. 3, $3 50.

BAGS AND BAGGING—Burlap bags, 22x36, 13½c each; do, 22x40, 15c; Dundee gunnies, 16½c; linen bagging, per yd, 15½c; burlap, per yd, 11½c.

BUILDING MATERIALS—Rosendale Cement, ₱ bbl., $5 00; Knapp's, $4 50@5 00; Santa Cruz Lime, ₱ bbl., $2 50; San Juan do., $2 00; Calcine Plaster, $5 00; Land, $3 50; Lumber—Assorted length &c, $14 @16; dressed, $22@30; flooring, $26@32; laths, $3 per M; cedar shingles, $2 50; redwood boards, dressed, $47 50@60; Eastern boards, 17@20c per foot.

CANDLES—Grant's, 19½c; Kenny's, 17@18c; Kelly's, 14c; Star, 16½@17c; Ward's, 16c; Hawkrose', 22; Macy's 17@18c; Schmidt's, 17@18c; Gross', 16c.

COFFEE—Rio, 20c; Costa Rica, 20@20½ cents; Java, 25@27; Jones' Prepared Java, 28@30; Chartres, 24@26.

COAL—Scotch Cannel, $23 ₱ ton; Blacksmiths $25; Cumberland, $20.

DRY GOODS—Standard drills, 14½@16½; seconds, 12½; *Stockings*—Light 10½; medium, 11½@12; Standard, 12@13. House lining—Fine, 8; Bleached sheeting, 3-4, 6@8c; do, 7-8, 9@10c; do, 4-4, 10@ 20. Cotton checks, 11@20; linen checks, 18@26. Cambrics, 9½@10. Cotton flannel, bleached, 13@20; do, brown, 12½@13. Cottonades, light, 20@22½; do, heavy, 27@30. Denim, 12@20. Hickory stripes, 12@18. Standard Prints, 10½c; seconds, 9½c. Delaines, 18 @20cts, 20@30. Ticks, 7-8, 14½@22; do, 4-4, 20@ 30. Bear duck, 21. Table linen, bleached, brown, 38c 50; do, damask bleached, 40@$1 00. Diaper linen, 20@27½. Seamless sacks, 33. Alpaca, black, 28@35. Waterproof, 90@1 15. Grain, 9@14.

DRUGS—Alum, bbls &c, brown, western, 2½@3; Borax, refined, 30@40 cents; blue vitriol, 13c; potash, Gratz, 1 lb can per doz, $2 25; Rosin, per bbl, $3@12; saltpetre, keg, 16@25c; sulphur 8@11.

FRUITS, SAUCES, ETC—Dried Apples—7½@8 cts per pound. Grapes—California, per box, $2 00@ 2 50; Raisins, per box, layers, $4 50; do, in half boxes, $2 25; in qr. boxes, $1 25. Figs—7c, 9 lb. Canned peaches, 4½@4¾; Assorted pie fruits, $4 25; Honey, in tins, $1 50. Green Corn, in cans, $3 25; Lobsters, in tins, $3 00@3 75; Oysters, Field's, $3 50; McMurray's, $3 50; other brands, $1 75@2 00; Tomato Catsup, in pints, $1 75; in qts, $2 25; Caper Sauce, $3 75@4 00.

HARDWARE AND MILLING—Iron 4 to 6, 9½@10½; Carriage Springs, 22@26; Axe Handles, $4 00@4 75; Picks, $9 @$4 50; Sledge do., $3 00@4 00; Bar Lead, 13½c; Sand Paper, $5; Pat. Cross-cut Saws, $6, $8@90 cts; Mill do. $11 @ it. $1 25@1 75; Anvils, Armitage, 15; Sledges, cast steel, 50; bellows, 60@15c 3-inch; Newhouse traps, $3 00@ $21 00; Grindstones, 4½; Cable Chains, 9 to 16; Thimble Skeins, $3 00@12 00; Neck Yokes, $7½ ₱ doz; Universal Ratchet drill, $12@13 50; Gimlets, do., $12 ₱ doz; Iron—Round bar iron, ¾ to 2 inch, 4½c; half bar, 6½@8 Norway shoe shape, 7½; American do., 5; nail rod, 10 Horse Nails—Dobbin (hand made), [illegible]; Putnam, (pressed), 34@38; Griffin (pressed), [illegible].

MATCHES—Oregon, 2 60; Parlor, @ 75; Castle, $3 25.

METALS—Iron—Scotch and [illegible] pig per ton, non; sheet, 14 to 26, 7½c; sheet, 24 to 27, 8c; Oregon pig, $41 00 at works. Copper—Sheathing per pound, 40c; do, yellow, 40c; do, bronze, 50; do, old, 16c. Tin Plates—Plates, charcoal, IX, per box, $14 50; plates, IC, char., $18; roofing plates, $12 50; Banca tin slabs, ₱ lb, 48c. Steel—English cast steel, ₱ lb, 18c. Lead—Pig, ₱ lb, 9c; sheet, 14c; pipe, 13c; bar, 12. Zinc—Sheets, ₱ lb, 14c. Babbit Metal, 30@50. Quicksilver, 78c cash.

MOLASSES—Hawaiian molasses, per gal, 85c.

NAILS—Base brands ₱ 25@6 25 ₱ keg; Fine Finishing and brads, $7 25; Lath 3d fine 30 60; Boat Spikes, $9 00, firm.

NUTS—Almonds, 20@25; English Walnuts, 11½@12½; Brazil, 20c; Filberts, 20c; Peanuts, 11½@12½c; Pecans 30c.

OILS—Kerosene Oil—Devoe's, 55c@60; Pratt's, 55c; Macy's Long Island, 55c. Standard, 55c; Downer's, 65; Lard Oil, $1 25; China Nut Oil, $1 50; Polar Oil, 65c; Tanner's Oil, 75c. Neatsfoot Oil, $1 65; Sperm Oil, $2 50. Castor Oil, $2 75; Linseed Oil, $1 15; raw and boiled Dog fish, 70c@75; Turpentine, 70c.

POWDER AND FUSE—At agents' rates.

ROPE—Per lb, 20½@22c, firm.

RICE—China, No 1, 9½@10; Patna, nono; Hawaiian, 10@10½c; Batavia, none.

SALMON—Canned, spiced, 2 lb cans ₱ doz $3 50; 4 lb cans, $15; Fresh, 1 lb cans, $2 50; 2lb cans, 3 75; half bbls, $5 00; Barrels, $8 00.

SALT—Liverpool fine, 30c32; do. coarse, $27 50; Carmen Island $22 50; Ground Rock, $22 50; Dairy $30@ 35; San Quentin, none; Seammon Lagoon $20.

SALERATUS—Barton's, 6½c ₱ lb; Babbitt's, 11c.

SOAP—Oregon brands, 7@7½cts; Colgate, 13½; Castile, 18c; Cali brands, 7½@8½c; Decorative, $1 75.

STARCH—Glenfield, 10½@20; corn, 15@17; Duryeas, 9c lbs; pearl, 12½; Oswego, Kingsfords, 10½@15½; San Jose, 10@12c.

SUGARS—Sand. Island, 9½@12½c; San Francisco Yellow C., 13½; Golden C., hf bbls, 10¾c; Powdered, 15¾@16½; Granulad, in bbls, 16; in half bbls., 16½.

SYRUPS—Extra heavy Golden, bbls., 85@87½; ½ bbls. 90@92½; kegs, 95@97½.

TOBACCO—Navy, ₱ lb Twists; Light Plug, 95@ 100; Atlantic Cable, 85@87½c.

TEAS—Young Hyson, $1@1 50; Gunpowder and Imperial, $1 25; black, 55@1 00; Japan, in papers, 72½@ 77½c.

WOOD AND WILLOW WARE (per nest)—Pails painted, $3 00@3 50; do Cedar, $4 50@5 00. Tubs, painted, $4 00@4 50; do cedar, $5 50.

WOOLEN GOODS—Oregon manufacture—*Blankets* grey, No. 1, $9 00; No. 2, $6 50; No. 3, do, $4 00; do white, No. 1, extra, $12 00; No. 1 $8 50; do, No. 2, $7 00; No. 2, blue, $7 75; No. 2, green, $7 75; Vicuna, No. 1, $11 00; No. 2, $8 00; 8-4 White flannel, $1 10@$1 35; 10-4 do, 75c; 8-4 White do. 40@45c; Plain assorted colors, flannel, 40@45c; Fancy Twilled shirting do, 50@55c; Grey Mixed Shirting 40@45; Hard times, 90c; Grey Doeskin, $1 00; Fancy do. $1 10; Drab Mixed Beaver, 97½c; Fancy Cassimeres $1 00@$1 25; Tweeds, 75@85c; Yarns, $1@1 20.

Cattle and Live Stock Market.

CATTLE—Beef cattle, $7@7 50 ₱ cwt net.

SHEEP—Good mutton sheep, $3@3 50 ₱ head.

HOGS—On foot 4@4½; dressed 6@6½ cents per pound.

VEAL CALVES—Stirring, 6@7c ₱ lb.

EDUCATIONAL.

ST. HELEN'S HALL.

THE NEXT TERM OF THIS SCHOOL WILL BEgin on

WEDNESDAY, FEBRUARY 1, 1871.

For admission of Pupils, apply to MISS RODNEY or BISHOP MORRIS, Portland, Oregon.
ja5d1f

THE BISHOP SCOTT GRAMMAR SCHOOL.

THE NEXT TERM OF THIS SCHOOL WILL BEgin on

Wednesday, the 1st of February.

For admission of Pupils, apply to PROF. C. H. ALLEN or BISHOP MORRIS, Portland, Oregon.
ja5d1f

PROF. M'GIBENY'S Young Ladies' Class IN SINGING, CALESTHENICS AND ELOCUTION

WILL MEET FOR THE FIRST LESSON ON SATurday, March 4th, at 1 o'clock P. M. The Wednesday Class at 4 P. M.

BOYS' CLASS—First Lesson—on Monday, March 6th at 5 o'clock P. M.

YOUNG MEN'S CLASS—Second Lesson—Monday Evening, at 8 o'clock. mr4d1f

VIRTEMPS BROTHERS.

OREGON MUSICAL INSTITUTE PHILHARMONIC HALL.

THE THIRD AND FOURTH DIVISIONS OF THE Juvenile Classes in Vocal Music will commence on

Monday Afternoon, March 20, 1871,

At 4½ o'clock.

All new pupils will join these divisions, and will be transferred to the higher classes as soon as they are capable of passing the first examination

The Pupils' Reading Room will be ready in a few weeks due notice of which will be given.
mr4d1tm20 VIRTEMPS BROTHERS.

PACIFIC UNIVERSITY.

Faculty:

REV. E. H. MARSH, D. D., President and Prof. of Intellectual Philosophy.

REV. HORACE LYMAN, A. M., Prof. of Mathematics.

GEO. H. COLLIER, A. M., Prof. of the Natural Sciences.

J. W. MARSH, A. M., Prof. of the Greek and Latin Languages and Literature

A. J. ANDERSON, A. M., Principal of the Academy.

MISS P. A. WING, Preceptress.

MISS O. A. HARKELL, Teacher of Vocal and Instrumental Music.

THREE COURSES OF STUDY—The Collegiate, the Scientific and the Ladies Course are marked out as the best arrangements of study for Pupils. At the same time, in order to make the instructions of the Faculty available to those who for any reason cannot take either of these, irregular courses may be pursued by those desiring it.

The TUITION ranges from $10 to $33 per year.

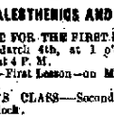
There are Three Terms, beginning on the First Wednesdays of August, November and February.

The new Boarding House for young Ladies will be ready for use on the First of November.

Board with Furnished Rooms, $3 50 per week.

For particulars address the PRESIDENT.
49:tf&1t

Watches and Jewelry. REMOVED.



JOHN B. MILLER, Watchmaker & Jeweler,

Has removed from the corner of Alder and Front streets, to 93 FIRST ST., in Corbett's Building, and

HAS JUST RECEIVED PER STEAMER, A SPLENdid selection of Goods suitable for Presents, consisting of **Watches and Clocks, Moss Agate, Enamel and Gold Jewelry.**

The Largest and best Assortment of ELGIN and WALTHAM WATCHES in the city, are to be seen at my store.

Sole agent for the Celebrated Self-Winding **Watches**, manufactured by A. LANGE, Dresden, and EDWARD PERREGANT, of Lock.

The public are invited to call and examine my Stock before purchasing elsewhere, as I can show them a good selection at cheap prices.

WATCHES and JEWELRY REPAIRED in the best workmanlike manner. J. B. MILLER,
m2d1f 93 First St., Portland, Oregon.

L. C. HENRICHSEN. D. HANSEN.

L. C. HENRICHSEN & CO., WATCHMAKERS AND JEWELERS, 109 First Street,

PORTLAND, OREGON.

DEALERS IN

DIAMONDS, WATCHES, JEWELRY, SPECTACLES, SOLID SILVER AND PLATED WARE.

Diamond Setting, Engraving and Enamelling,

Neatly executed in the latest style.

WATCHES AND JEWELRY REPAIRED AND WARRANTED. jel

GREAT REDUCTION IN THE PRICES OF Fine Watches & Rich Silverware! B. L. STONE,

167 FRONT ST., PORTLAND, OREGON.

OFFERS FOR SALE AT REDUCED rates, a fine lot of Howard, Waltham, Elgin, English, and other Gold and Silver Watches. Also, a magnificent assortment of Diamonds, Gold Bracelets, Chains, Guards, Lockets, Finger Rings, Moss Agate sets, Opera and Marine Pebble Spectacles and Eyeglasses; Silver Napkin Rings, Butter Knives, Spoons, etc., etc., and all sorts of ELEGANT CLOCKS, cheap for cash.
ja4d1f

Hotels and Restaurants.

ST. CHARLES HOTEL

Corner Front and Morrison Sts.,

PORTLAND, OREGON.

JOHN J. JACOBS, Proprietor.

HAVING LEASED THIS NEW AND ELEGANT Hotel, which is built of brick, throughout, With Family and Single Rooms. Splendidly furnished for One Hundred and Fifty Guests, and supplied with all the modern improvements for their comfort—fine ventilation, baths, gas, etc. The proprietor trusts that the reputation won for the St. George Hotel in Victoria, B. C., while under his management will be a guarantee to his numerous friends and the public of his purpose and ability to make this house as justly celebrated and worthy of patronage. d20d1f JOHN J. JACOBS.

Cosmopolitan Hotel, FRONT ST.,

PORTLAND, OREGON.

ZIEBER & HOLTON, Proprietors.

THE UNDERSIGNED HAVING RE-FURNISHED and re-fitted the above named Hotel, will henceforth conduct it on the

EUROPEAN PLAN.

ROOMS can be had by the Day, Week or Month.

A RESTAURANT in the House under the management of PIERRE MANCUSET, late of the Lafayette.

Owing to its location and construction, it is the most desirable Hotel in the City, and we intend KEEPING IT AS AS IT OUGHT TO BE KEPT.

Free Coach and Baggage Wagon to and from the Hotel.
ZIEBER & HOLTON, Prop'rs.

Office of the Oregon and California Stage Company. o10d1f

AMERICAN EXCHANGE! (LATE LINCOLN HOUSE,)

Corner Washington and Front Streets PORTLAND, OREGON.

L. P. W. QUIRK & C. F. PERKINS,

HAVING taken the above House, wish to announce to the public that they are now prepared to accommodate guests in a satisfactory manner. Nothing will be left undone, which is in the power of the proprietors to do, to render guests comfortable.

FREE COACH TO THE HOUSE.
Portland, Feb. 2, 1867. dtf

UNION HOTEL, HILLSBORO, OREGON,

DANIEL L. TURPIN, Prop'r.

THE ABOVE HOTEL HAS RECENTLY BEEN leased, thoroughly repaired and Re-furnished, and is now open to the reception of the traveling public. Good accommodations can be offered to man and beast at low rates.

A liberal share of patronage is solicited. mr1d1m

New York.

CHARLES DIMON. COMMISSION MERCHANT FOR Buying, Selling and Forwarding all kinds of Merchandise.

P. O. Box 4,094. 181 PEARL ST., NEW YORK.

Refer to Messrs. Ladd & Tilton, Knapp, Burrell & Co., and Savier & Co., Portland; R. M. Wade, Esq., Salem; W. P. Abrams, Dallas. fe28d1y

J. M. KEELER. FRED'K HALSTEAD.

KEELER & HALSTEAD, 95 Liberty St., New York.

OREGON AND N. W. COMMISSION AGENCY

FOR BUYING AND FORWARDING DIRECT, VIA Isthmus, Rail and Cape Horn, with San Francisco connections, all classes and varieties of Merchandise and for sale of Exports from the North-West.

Advances made on approved consignments, and orders respectfully solicited. All orders and business will receive prompt attention.

REFERENCES—New York: N. Y. Nat'l Bank, cor. College Place and Chambers St.; Messrs. A. E. & C. E. Tilton, 63 Liberty street; Messrs. J. L. Brownell & Bros., Bankers, 28 Broad street; Messrs. Benly, Miller & Thomas, 44 South street. Oregon: Messrs. Ladd & Tilton, Bankers, Portland; Hon. K. D. Shattuck, Portland; Messrs. Ladd & Bush, Bankers, Salem; A. A. McNilly, Esq., Salem. d26d1f

Grocers.

WM. WADHAMS, WM. MORTON, Portland. W. K. LEVERIDGE, A. P. EVERETT, 318 Front St., San Francisco.

LEVERIDGE, WADHAMS & CO., (SUCCESSORS TO R. G. SHEATH,) WHOLESALE GROCERS AND Forwarding & Commission Merchants, PORTLAND, OREGON.

LEVERIDGE, EVERETT & CO., Commission and Forwarding Merchants,

318 Front St., corner of Commercial, and SAN FRANCISCO. dtf

CITY BAKERY AND Provision Store.

R. PITTOCK,

NO. 9 NORTH FRONT STREET,

Opposite Lower Steamship Landing and Corner First and Morrison Streets

Wholesale and Retail manufacturer of

BREAD,

Butter, Water, Sugar, Boston and Soda

CRACKERS,

PILOT BREAD, PIES, CAKES, &c., &c. and all kinds of

STEAMBOAT AND SHIP STORES, Family Groceries,

FEED, FRUITS, VEGETABLES, &c., &c.

Bread and Stores delivered to any part of the City. Orders from a distance carefully filled and promptly dispatched.

The business hereafter will be conducted STRICTLY ON THE CASH PRINCIPLE.

Upper Columbia and Idaho. FORWARDING AND COMMISSION.

JOHN R. FOSTER & CO.

UMATILLA, OREGON.

WE ARE FULLY PREPARED TO RECEIVE Consignments of Goods to be Forwarded to all points in Oregon, Idaho, Montana and Owyhee, and can offer superior inducements to shippers by having a large

Fire-Proof Warehouse

For the Storage of goods, and a long experience which enables us to make shipments at the very lowest rates.

All matters connected with the Forwarding and Commission Business promptly attended to.

Consignments solicited. Mark goods, Care J.R.F.

U.

Always on hand a full Assortment of

Groceries, Provisions and Clothing

MECHANICS' MINERS' & BLACKSMITHS' TOOLS,

Also a large Stock of

IRON AND STEEL,

Which will be sold LOW FOR CASH.
d24d1f JOHN R. FOSTER & CO.

NOTICE.

WELLS, FARGO & CO.'S Fast Freight Line TO IDAHO!

ON AND AFTER FEBRUARY 1, 1871, OUR RATES on FAST FREIGHT (on 60 pounds or upwards, not less than 40 pounds per cubic foot) will be as follows

From Portland to La Grande		15	cents per pound.
" "	Union	16	" " "
" "	Baker City	18	" " "
" "	Eldorado	23	" " "
" "	Boise City	25	" " "
" "	Idaho City	25	" " "
" "	Silver City	27	" " "

WELLS, FARGO & CO.
Portland, Feb. 1, 1871. fe1d1f

North Ninth Street.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT THE COMmon Council of the City of Portland propose to improve North Ninth street between Stark and G streets, by grading and laying sidewalks, crosswalks and plank gutters where necessary. W. S. CALDWELL,
March 10, 1871. d10t Auditor and Clerk.

CITY ADVERTISEMENTS.

Fencing and Trees.

SEALED PROPOSALS WILL BE RECEIVED AT THE office of the Auditor and Clerk of the City of Portland, until 12 o'clock M., Friday, March 17, 1871, for furnishing materials and constructing a Fence around the Park Blocks lying between Main and Grants, and planting Trees in said Parks as provided by Ordinance No. 925.

Bids must state the price per lineal foot for Fencing, including painting (two coats), according to a plan adopted by the Committee.

Bids for Trees must state the price for each variety, and must be for thrifty trees to be warranted to live at least one year, and to be of size to be approved by the Committee.

The right is reserved to reject any and all bids is hereby reserved.

L. BESSER,
WM. CHEE,
JOHN M. BRECK,
mr14d3t Committee on Streets and Public Property.

Ordinance No. 960.

AN ORDINANCE ADOPTING A PLAN FOR THE Bridge on South First street and limiting the cost thereof.

The city of Portland does ordain as follows:

Section 1. That in constructing the bridge on South First street between Sheridan street and Williams street, provided for by Ordinance No. 931, entitled "An Ordinance to provide for the time and manner of improving that part of South First street lying between the south side of Linco'n street and the north side of Woods street," the Committee on Streets and Public Property shall follow and have said bridge constructed substantially in accordance with the plan on file in the office of the Auditor and Clerk marked and designated as Plan "A," but such bridge shall be extended further upon both banks of Ross gulch, a distance not exceeding fifteen feet at each end.

Sec. 2. No contract shall be made for the construction of said bridge at a cost greater than thirty-five hundred dollars unless the excess over that amount shall first be secured by private contributions.

Passed the Common Council March 1, 1871.
W. S. CALDWELL,
Auditor and Clerk.

Approved March 4, 1871.
mr14d6d B. GOLDSMITH, Mayor.

Ordinance No. 961.

AN ORDINANCE TO PROVIDE FOR THE IMprovement of E street, from North First to North Eleventh street.

The city of Portland does ordain as follows:

Section 1. The proposed improvement of E street from North First to North Eleventh street, shall consist of the planting of Ornamental Shade Trees, to be placed at such distance from the line of the curb as is provided for in Ordinance No. 310, and at a distance not greater than twenty-five feet apart opposite the line of the blocks, and said improvement shall be completed to the satisfaction of the Committee on Streets and Public Property, on or before the 1st day of April, A. D. 1871.

Section 2. The Shade Trees hereinbefore mentioned shall consist of one or more of the following named varieties, to-wit: Maple, Elm, Ash, Locust, Fir or Cedar.

Section 3. The contractor or contractors shall take entire charge of the work during its progress, and shall be responsible for any loss or incurrice occasioned by carelessness or neglect.

Section 4. The Committee on Streets and Public Property are hereby authorized to advertise for proposals, receive bids and enter into contract with the lowest responsible bidder or bidders for the improvement specified in this ordinance.

Section 5. The bids provided for in this ordinance shall contain separate bids for each variety of the trees before mentioned, and the Committee on Streets and Public Property are hereby authorized to select such variety of trees as they may deem best for each block on said street.

Passed the Common Council March 1, 1871.
W. S. CALDWELL,
Auditor and Clerk.

Approved March 4, 1871.
B. GOLDSMITH, Mayor.

The following entitled Ordinances are of the same tenor and date as the foregoing:

No. 962.—An ordinance to provide for the improvement of H street, from North Second to North Eleventh street.

No. 963.—An ordinance to provide for the improvement of D street, from North Front to North Eleventh street.

No. 964.—An ordinance to provide for the improvement of C street, from North Front to North Eleventh street.

No. 965.—An ordinance to provide for the improvement of B street, from North Front to North Twelfth street.

No. 966.—An ordinance to provide for the improvement of Pine street, from First to Seventh street.

No. 967.—An ordinance to provide for the improvement of Oak street, from First to East dark street.

No. 968.—An ordinance to provide for the improvement of Stark street, from Second to Tenth street.

No. 969.—An ordinance to provide for the improvement of Yamhill street, from Second to Twelfth street.

No. 970.—An ordinance to provide for the improvement of Main street, from Second to Twelfth street.
ml4d1t

Ordinance No. 971.

AN ORDINANCE TO PROVIDE FOR THE CONstruction of a sewer at the crossing of Lincoln Front streets.

The city of Portland does ordain as follows:

Section 1. That a sewer be constructed at the crossing of Lincoln and Front street of sufficient length and capacity to carry off the surplus water. The length and size of said sewer shall be determined by the Committee on Streets and Public Property.

Section 2. The Committee on Streets and Public